

# The Massillon Independent.

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## HONORABLE PEACE.

American Federation to This Will Devote Its Energies, Said Gompers.

## THE STRIKE IN GOOD SHAPE.

He Asserted — Federation Giving Moral Support and Prepared to Go Still Further, He Declared—No Peace Negotiations On.

Washington, Aug. 28. — Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, returned to this city from a visit to New York, Pittsburgh and other cities. Mr. Gompers was with members of the advisory board of the National Civic Federation, which is interesting itself in the settlement of the steel strike, when the members of that board called on President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, in Pittsburgh. The Federation of Labor is exerting all its moral support in aid of the Amalgamated association men, and Mr. Gompers says he is prepared to go still further in assisting to bring about a successful issue of the movement, but in what direction and to what extent further assistance will be given he is not willing at this time to say. He prefers not to discuss any prospective action in the newspapers, preferring to act when the time comes rather than to anticipate the probabilities of the future.

**Strike in Excellent Condition.**  
He is in constant communication, he says, with members of the executive council of the Federation of Labor, both by mail and telegraph, but whether there will be a meeting of that body to take any sympathetic action in behalf of the steel strikers he will not say. He asserted last night that the cause of the steel men is now in excellent condition, and says he sees no reason why a settlement alike honorable to both sides should not be reached—a settlement that will prevent the crushing of the association and the humiliation of the men and that will not impair the interests of capital represented. To this end the American Federation will devote its energies.

New York, August 28.—No overtures for peace have come to the United States Steel corporation from strikers through any of the intermediaries named in the Pittsburgh dispatches, and it was said at the office of the company that none is expected. J. Pierpont Morgan returned to the city, but it was said that his return had nothing to do with the steel strike or its settlement. An officer of the United States Steel corporation made the following statement:

"The reports that there are negotiations for a settlement of the steel strike are erroneous. The United States Steel corporation has received no proposals for the settlement, and has made none. Many of our men are returning to work, and many others are desirous of resuming their places. The strike can be settled only by the return of the men to their places."

Shaffer Said There Was No Change.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 28.—President J. J. Shaffer said that there was no change in the situation and that the strike had become a settled fight on both sides. When asked how a proposition coming from the members of the National Civic Federation, who are reported to be interesting themselves in bringing about a settlement of the strike, would be received, he said: "As I have already said a number of times, I know nothing whatever of any effort being made to bring about peace. However, if a proposition were submitted, coming from any source with the assurance that the men back of it were acting with some authority to conduct negotiations, and if the proposition contained terms of settlement that would be honorable to the Amalgamated association, I would be glad to call a meeting of the executive committee to consider it. Further, than that I cannot go, because I cannot speak for the executive committee."

## FRANCE BREAKS RELATIONS.

Ambassador Constans Leaves Constantinople on Account of Turkish Sultan's Duplicity.

Paris, Aug. 28.—A semi-official note has been issued announcing that the porte, not having carried out its undertakings with regard to the disputed questions between the French and Ottoman governments, M. Constans, the French ambassador, acting under instructions from the foreign minister of France, left Constantinople Aug. 28, the date named in his last communication to the porte on the subject.

An arrangement had been effected Aug. 17, and its terms drafted by the Ottoman foreign minister, with the approval of the sultan, who had promised M. Constans that the text should be handed to him Aug. 18.

M. Constans telegraphed to Paris Aug. 19 that some of the promises had been fulfilled, and M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, on Aug. 27, telegraphed M. Constans that, in view of so flagrant a disregard of the undertakings, the negotiations could no longer be continued, and requested M. Constans to inform the porte that he had received orders to leave Constantinople.

On Aug. 23 M. Constans communicated with the porte, fixing Aug. 26 as the date for his departure, and as the engagements were still unkept, M. Constans left Constantinople Aug. 26.

## PRICES WERE TOPPLED OVER.

Recent Bull Movement Apparently Came to an End in Stock Market Tuesday.

New York, Aug. 28.—Prices of stocks were toppled over Tuesday and the recently prevailing bull movement apparently came to an end. The hesitating tone which developed Monday continued Tuesday morning. After the first recession in prices strenuous efforts were made to check the reaction, which met with a degree of success. The character of the buying in St. Paul was a large influence in the temporary upturn of the market. Very large amounts of this stock were taken by brokers, supposed to act for the group of financiers which has been foremost in forwarding projects for the community of interest in railroad ownership. Operations towards supporting the market were attributed to the most conspicuous operator on the street, and the apparent confidence with which they were conducted served to intimidate the professional operators of a smaller class, who were inclined to take a bearish view of the market. But when this latter class detected the diminution of the outside buying through commission houses and some evidence of profit taking by the longs, they offered prices down boldly, and by uncovering stop-loss orders dislodged very heavy offerings, under which the market broke badly. With the downward tendency established the traders gave a pessimistic twist to the current news, as is their wont. There was, however, little news to account for the course of the market. The inference was clearly justified that the buying and binding up of stocks for two weeks past represented an experiment by stock market operators, who hoped to attract a sufficient outside interest by this means to make an active bull speculation. Monday's extremely moderate demand from outside sources chilled the expectation of the bulls, and what long lines had not been sold to realize profits were forced to sale more urgently Tuesday, with the still further diminution in the outside demand. Naturally the stocks which have recently bulled the most were the weakest on the reaction, the Pacifics, Atchison, Amalgamated Copper, Norfolk and Western, and the others suffering the widest declines. Monday's story of a settlement of the steel strike was clearly shown Tuesday morning to have been put out to hold the market, and the United States Steel stocks dropped with the rest of the market and were 1 1/4 lower for the day. The rally in the corn market was also an influence, and there was renewed selling from western sources, which have been covering in stocks during the period of reaction in corn. The most potent influence in checking the speculation for the advance was the growing conviction that requirements to move the crops must be met to a large extent by the New York money market, with the prospect of a continued drain at the same time on account of United States treasury operations, there was no striking new development Tuesday to emphasize this conviction, but the factors recently at work to that end continued in force. The market had a substantial rally from its break, caused by short covering, but the recoveries were not well held, and the closing was feverish and irregular, with a heavy undertone.

## SOME NEWS IN BRIEF.

S. H. Shusser, of Hanover, Pa., asserts that he was hypnotized by a copperhead snake while gathering blackberries.

Four persons, one of whom may die, were injured by the runaway of a logging train on a mountain side near Buckhannon, W. Va.

Two 12-year-old boys waylaid and robbed a Hebrew peddler near Parkersburg, W. Va.

Shelby Davis, of Jackson, O., saw his mother for the first time in 26 years. When his father died, at Parkersburg, W. Va., in 1875, he was adopted by an Ohio family.

Many collieries near Shamokin, Pa., have been closed by floods, and 2,000 men are idle.

Mrs. Fannie Steiner, of near Zanesville, O., is charged with burning a neighbor's barn.

The largest lake cargo of iron ore ever carried by one vessel was delivered at Ashtabula, O., by the steamer William Edelborn. It weighed 7,380 tons.

Lightning killed a flock of sheep owned by Jacob Weaver, a farmer, near Smithfield, Pa., and another flock of 30 sheep owned by William Conn.

Mrs. John Risot, of East Liverpool, O., and her three children were poisoned by a custard bought at a local bakery.

Clifford Seckman, who was convicted at Sistersville, W. Va., of the murder of Calvin Jordan, of Butler, Pa., has been sentenced to serve 15 years in the penitentiary.

Winnett McElroe, of Prosperity, has been elected principal of the Washington, Pa., schools.

William Baker and Vance Bell are in custody at Hollidaysburg, Pa., on the charge of stealing the records and ritual of the local assembly of the Artisans' Order of Mutual Protection from the home of J. D. Law, the secretary.

Jacob Shuck is in jail at Shamokin, Pa., on the charge of obtaining money by pretending to cure sick persons and animals by witchcraft.

The Washington, Pa., council has decided to submit to the voters of that borough the proposition of creating a third-class city by the annexation of adjoining boroughs.

The school board of Toronto, O., is deadlocked over the election of teachers.

Matthew O'Brien, fire boss at the Whitney mines, near Greensburg, Pa., was killed by a fall of slate.

## WASHINGTON NEWS

Secretary Hackett's Actions Criticized.

## CAPT. FORSYTHE MUST EXPLAIN

Government Refuses to Pay

Royalty Claims for Harvey-ized Steel, and is Attacking the Validity of the Patents—Revenues of the Philippines.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Acting Secretary Hackett has taken action on the case of Captain J. K. Forsythe, second in command at the Mare Island navy yard, who discussed the Schley-Sampson affair at Kansas City yesterday. The captain has been called upon to explain why he disobeyed the order of Secretary Long to refrain from discussion of the Schley-Sampson controversy. This action is, in a measure, a direct reversal of the stand taken by Hackett with regard to the interview credited to Admiral Howison. This being the fact, Hackett's decision to call upon Captain Forsythe for an explanation causes bitter comment among the friends of Admiral Schley. They cannot understand how he can refuse one day to call Admiral Howison's attention to a newspaper interview, and the next call up another naval officer to make explanation of an interview attributed to him. The former talked in a way that is complimentary to Schley, while the latter spoke in a deprecatory strain. They also recall that Secretary Long took cognizance of an interview given out by Captain French Chadwick, some two years ago. In that interview the captain said he would refuse to shake hands with Admiral Schley. When Secretary Long received a letter from Captain Chadwick, acknowledging the substantial accuracy of the interview, the secretary reprimanded him. This difference in the actions of the secretary and the temporary head of the department causes a comparison to be made by the partisans of Schley, which is altogether in favor of Secretary Long. It is known that at least one letter has been sent to President McKinley advising him to ask Long to return.

The department of justice has announced its opinion that the secretary of the navy is justified in refusing to endorse vouchers in favor of the Carnegie and Bethlehem Steel Companies for about \$60,000, claimed as due on account of royalties paid by them for the privilege of using the Harvey process. The government is attacking the validity of the Harvey patents on the ground that the process is not novel and that the fact-hardening process used in the manufacture of plate for the government is not that covered by the patents. The question involves the payment of royalties on all the ships constructed since 1893, and also those now authorized. The last contract made for armor contains a provision whereby the question of the payment of that royalty, which amounts to \$11.20 a ton, is to be held in abeyance until the cases now pending between the government and the Harvey Company and the Cruesot works of France, which claim an infringement, are settled.

The total customs revenues of the Philippine islands for the five months ending May 31, last, were \$3,595,695. For the same period in 1900 they were \$2,408,137 and in 1899 \$1,706,214. The navy department, through Captain Lemly, the judge advocate of the court of inquiry, has supplied the counsel for Admiral Schley with a tentative list of witnesses to be called before the court by the government. The department declines to make this list public, but it is understood that it contains, and in fact, is headed by the name of Rear Admiral Sampson. It is not even possible to learn the number of witnesses, but it is stated that the list is by no means complete. Some of the witnesses named may not be called, while, on the other hand, not only may the government add to the list, but Admiral Schley's counsel are at liberty to suggest additional names.

The bids for supplying postal cards to the government for the next four years were opened in the office of the third assistant postmaster-general. There were seven bids, the lowest being that of the present contractor, Albert Daggett, whose works are located at Piedmont, W. Va. He agrees to supply three billion large size cards at the rate of 2 1/2 cents per 1,000. The small sized cards at 1 1/2 cents per 1,000, and the double cards at 42 cents a thousand.

## WILL ASK FOR AN INJUNCTION.

Numerous Fights at Irondale on Tuesday.

Wellsville, Aug. 28.—As a result of numerous fights at Irondale, yesterday, in which the non-union men invariably received the worst of the encounters, it is learned that an injunction against the strikers will be asked in the United States district court at Cleveland today. Officials of the mill attempted to swear out warrants charging riot against the strikers, but Justice James E. Paysley, before whom their attorney, E. E. Erskine, appeared, refused to take the cases. He insisted that charges of assault and battery were sufficiently severe and it is likely another Jefferson county justice will be appealed to. The mill is silent today and the victory for the strikers, at present, at least, is complete. They claim that it is the only plant which having once been started non-union was compelled to close down through the efforts of the men.

## PERSECUTION PROHIBITED.

All Religions Will be Tolerated in China.

Pekin, Aug. 28.—Chou Fu, the provincial treasurer, has published throughout Chili province a circular letter ordering that all religions be tolerated by the Chinese, who will be allowed to accept any religion. The letter says that there must be no intimidation or persecution by any sect, all alike observing the Chinese law, except when it conflicts with the requirements of one's religion. No advantage shall be derived in lawsuits from one's religion, and there shall be no foreign interference except in cases of persecutions.

The first payment of interest on the indemnity will be due July 1, 1902. Commercial relations, if hereafter considered, will be discussed by representatives of eleven powers, regardless of the amount of trade of each nation, as the consent of each power will be essential to any arrangement that is made.

## A NON-UNION ORGAN.

Democratic Managers Annoyed Over Press-Post Matter.

Columbus, Aug. 28.—Local Democratic managers are becoming worried over the condition of the Press-Post, their organ, which has gone into indefinite suspension, and rests so quietly that it is feared that it may be difficult to awaken it. The advantage of an organ named from top to bottom by non-union labor is looked upon by them as a very doubtful one. It seems certain that if the control of the paper remains in the hands of the Joneses it is sure to be non-union. Neither Clarence M. Jones nor his mother, to whom he claims to have sold the property, takes kindly to the idea of employing union proof readers and writers. They are most determined against that, and it looks as though they would let the suspension of publication go on indefinitely rather than recede from the stand they have taken.

## ANOTHER STRIKE BROKEN.

Men Who Went Out Yesterday Return Today.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 28.—There was a break in the strike at the McClintock-Marshall Company's works at Rankin, Pa., today. One hundred and fifty of the seven hundred men who quit yesterday returned to work, and a number of new men were also taken in. The strikers got an advance of five per cent, and laborers 12 1/2 cents a day. This action has no connection with the steel strike.

Dispatches from Wheeling this morning say that nothing is known there of an alleged conference said to have been held by labor leaders to end the strike.

## BARBERTON STRIKE BROKEN.

Members of the Federation of Labor Leaving Town.

Barberton, Aug. 28.—Over one hundred members of the Federation of Labor, who have been employed at the Stirling Boiler plant, have left town since Monday. About fifty men returned to the plant Tuesday and went back to work. They were received as individuals but not as members of the Federation of Labor.

## MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Bellaire, Aug. 28.—At Beallsville, a village near here, William Montgomery, a farmer, while in an intoxicated condition, shot and fatally wounded his wife; then killed himself.

## SHAFFER'S TERMS.

Conditions Proposed to End the Strike.

## LITTLE CHANCE IN SITUATION.

Irondale Mill Still Idle, and the

Steel Company Will Ask for an Injunction Today—Quiet in the Pittsburgh District.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 28.—Practically the only significant event in the strike yesterday was the stand taken by the American Tin Plate Company in reference to its course in the future. An official statement from this company today denies that there are any negotiations on foot looking to a settlement of the strike, and authorizes the statement that the mills put into operation during the strike will be continued non-union, and all men going to work now will be retained in their positions. This statement will have its effect because of the fact that the tin plate trade has always been considered as among the strongholds of the Amalgamated Association, and the deft appears to have been brought about by the association declaring a strike against the tin plate company after the scale for the year had been signed. Notwithstanding the fact that the Amalgamated people claim justification on the ground that their constitution provides for such procedure, the officials of the tin plate company consider the action a breach of trust, and say that henceforth they are determined to cut loose from union labor entirely. The association officials treat the threat with indifference, their only reply being that the company cannot carry out its plan, because nearly all the skilled tin workers of the country are members of the association, and the plants cannot be run without them. The corporation, however, has started several of their plants in a way, and claim to have all the men necessary within reach to operate them in full as soon as the machinery is in proper shape. The developments of the day would appear to vibrate slow but sure gains by the corporation. The following summary gives the status in this district:

Painter's mill—Six mills being operated, and management says plenty of good material is being turned out.

Star mill—Men still at work upon two mills; no more men have entered the plant.

Lindsay & McCutcheon mill—Several men procured; two mills open with separate crews.

Clark and Union mills—Captain L. T. Brown says the strike is over so far as these mills are concerned. Strikers say the mills are not running full.

McKeesport —Representatives of tube workers decide to stand by Amalgamated officials. Demmler plant may be started this week.

President Shaffer has sent out letters to all members of the executive committee of the Amalgamated Association inviting their approval of the peace plan agreed upon last Saturday by the representatives of the National Civic Federation and the Amalgamated Association headquarters officials. The plan proposes:

First—That the New York offer of July 27, made by Messrs. Schwab and Morgan, be accepted. This provided that the tin plate mills resume under the scale signed for the year beginning July 1; that the Hoop Company sign for all mills signed for last year, and that the Sheet Steel Company sign for all mills signed for last year, except Old Meadow and Saltsburg.

Second—That a provisional scale be arranged, but not signed, for Painters' Lindsay & McCutcheon's and the Clark mills, leaving recognition of the union open.

Third—That the United States Steel Corporation formally declare its attitude toward organized labor, this declaration to take such form as will have a reassuring effect upon the men in the mills.

President Shaffer assented to these propositions, and is now awaiting the result of a vote by mail. If approved the Civic Federation people will endeavor to secure an audience with the Steel Corporation officials in New York. There is little doubt that the audience will be granted.

**HANNA WILL STUMP THE STATE**  
Will Devote His Attention to Close Counties.

Cleveland, Aug. 28.—It is announced authoritatively that much of Senator Hanna's time during the state campaign will be spent on the stump, especial attention being given to the close counties.

## FORESTERS IN CONVENTION.

Two Hundred Delegates Meet in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Aug. 28.—The seventh biennial meeting of the supreme court of the Foresters of America convened in this city yesterday. Nearly two hundred delegates from twenty different states are in attendance and the business sessions of the meeting will occupy their time for two days. The balance of the week will be spent in sight-seeing and enjoyment. The only portion of the meeting proper open to the public was that of this morning, which was devoted principally to an address of welcome by Acting Mayor Henry Williams, of Baltimore, and a response by Chief Ranger Thomas J. Ford, of Pittsburgh. The delegates then went into executive session.

## ASTONISHED THE EDITOR.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver. For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c. at Z. T. Baltzly's.

## To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nanine Gallagher, of La Grange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

## Their Secret is Out.

All Sadleville, Ky., was curious to learn the cause of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whitaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little granddaughter of a severe attack of whooping cough." It positively cures coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

## What a Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, mottled patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once each day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price, 25 cts. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

P. T. Thomas, Sumterville, Ala.—"I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs, entire rest, restoring their natural condition. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

## WHAT IT DOES

Ever on the Alert, Alive to Every Form of Oppression, Kept on Edge, Burdened Beyond Endurance, Nerves Give Out.

The machinery of a mill that grinds day and night has to shut down now and then for repairs. It is the same way with your nerves. Overwork, close application, our ways of living, bring about nerve waste that sets up symptoms of various kinds. It may be failing strength, weakness, languor, headache, sleeplessness, etc. Whatever it is Nerve Force is lacking and the means of restoring rests with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. A great many people in Massillon vouch for this, among them is Mrs. C. Sands, of No. 12 Andrews street, Massillon, Ohio, who says: "As a nerve tonic I can recommend Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills with a clear conscience. I was restless, nervous, run down and sleepless, when I began the box I got at E. S. Craig's drug store, No. 9 South Erie Street. Since then I sleep well, nerves steady and general strength good. This result pleases me and I am glad to say so." Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

## \$25 00 Colorado and Return

Chicago & Northwestern Ry., \$25.00 for Springs, S. Dak.; \$50.00 Club, all round trips, from Chicago, September 1-10; \$50.00 Chicago to San Francisco-Los Angeles and return, September 19-27. Quickest time. Service unequalled. Apply to your nearest ticket agent for tickets and full information or address D. W. Aldridge, 254 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

O. O. Buck, Boerne, Ark., says: "I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I freely commend them." Chas. W. Cupples, 239 West Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.



## A LIGHT IN THE YARD

MRS. GALLUP RECOGNIZES IN IT HER SUMMONS TO HEAVEN.

But She Fails to Get Any Information From Her Husband as to the Manner in Which She Should Act When She Enters Her Home Among the Angels.

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When Mr. Gallup sat down for the evening, he had his newspaper on his knee and Mrs. Gallup was singing "Rock of Ages" and clearing away the supper table. He had been reading for a quarter of an hour when she quietly entered and sat down and said:

"Samuel, I don't want to disturb you nor make you feel bad, but I feel obliged to ask you a few questions. Last night at midnight Mrs. Watkins saw a light moving around in our back yard. It was a light which bobbed up and bobbed down and dodged this way and that, and when it finally went out it gave a great wink and a splutter. It was what they call a ghost lantern. Samuel, and it meant that there would be death in this house within a week. It'll be my death, of course. I've got 27 different ailments, with heart disease thrown in, while you are as healthy as a cornfield. Yes; it'll be me, but I'm not weeping over it. I'm sitting right here as calm as catnip, but I want to know some few things."

Mr. Gallup must have known of her presence, but he was too deeply interested in his paper to recognize it. He had found an article which said that a bedbug could be boiled in water for four hours and then come out with his an-l-i-b-a undaunted.

"I shall go to heaven when I die, of course," continued Mrs. Gallup as her voice broke a little. "I order go there. Any woman who has whitewashed the cellar every spring for 27 years, besides making soft soap, cutting carpet rags, dying over old clothes and making one corset last her for 13 years, will go to heaven on the jump. What bothers



"I'm sitting right here as calm as catnip," she, however, is how I'm going to act after I get there. You know how company allus frustrates me. If three or four of the neighbors come in, I'm almost sure to fall off my cheer or knock over sunthin. How's it going to be when I get up there and meet a hull pasture full of angels? There'll be millions of 'em, Samuel, and they'll all be looking at me and wonderin' who I am, and I'll be so upset that I'll fall over my own feet."

She paused to wipe the tears from her eyes with the palm of her hand, but as she had asked no direct questions Mr. Gallup finished the bug article and turned to one on the care of clotheslines.

"I don't want to be looked at and p'inted out and made fun of up there," said Mrs. Gallup as she sat with her eyes on the carpet. "All night long last night I couldn't sleep for thinkin that some of the angels would turn up their noses at me and want to know what on airth I was doin there. You remember Sarah Jane Bixby, who died two years ago? Sarah was snippy and sassy. If she went to heaven, it would be jest her way to want to know why I'd come flyin up there, with my rheumatiz and back aches. I'd have to sass her back, and then what would happen? Angels do sass each other sometimes, don't they, Samuel?"

If Mr. Gallup had ever given the matter a thought, he was too busy to discuss it. The statement was right before his eyes that 1,000,000 miles of clothesline went to destruction every year for want of being hung up in the wood shed when not in use, and he was reflecting on the carelessness of humanity in general.

"I may get up to heaven in the night, when all the angels are asleep, and so I'll slip in all right. I hope that'll be the way, because it'll give me a chance to kind of git used to the place before daylight. Do you think they have any breakfast up there? Mrs. Watkins says they don't, but I don't really see how they git along without it. I know I should feel a goneness all day without breakfast. And I want you to look at me, Samuel, and see if I'm the humblest woman ever born. I have read that when we die we are changed as in the twinklin of an eye. I hope it's so. If it ain't, then I can't expect no good times up there. Them angels will be p'intin out my top shoulder, my big feet and my wabby knees and whisperin to each other that I'd better staid down on airth among the cabbages. Nobody as knows me can call me obstinate or sot, but I'll be snuffed if I propose to die and become an angel to be made fun of. You'll be on my side about that, won't you?"

Mr. Gallup heaved a long sigh and seemed about to speak, but no word came. He had finished with the clothesline and struck an article about the reasoning powers of the crow, and the most direct question from Mrs. Gallup would have passed unheeded. Her tears fell for two or three minutes, and then she asked:

"And how about the beds up there?"

You know we've slept on a feather bed ever since we was married, and I've allus bin particular to smooth it down from head to foot. I've got used to feathers, and if I changed off I'd jest lay there and kick around all night long. I do they hev beds, Samuel, or do they keep on flyin around all night long and singin "I've Reached My Home at Last?" Seems to me that flyin and singin all day would be enough unless I feel stronger than I do now. You order know these things, Samuel, and you order tell me so I'll know what to depend on. I might stand sass from a thousand angels, but I do want my own bed when night comes, and if one of my headaches comes on unexpectedly I want to know that I kin hev a cup of tea. Mrs. Watkins says they don't drink tea in heaven, but I don't see how she kin know."

Mr. Gallup was not directly appealed to, and as he was reading that a crow had been known to feign death to avoid having a crowbar thrown at him he made no sign.

"Waal, I've made up my mind to a few things," said Mrs. Gallup as the silence grew painful. "I'm goin up to heaven to do the best I kin. I'll be nighburly with all the angels I meet and let 'em understand that I don't want no more'n my share of harps and wings and things. If I don't find anything to eat or any beds to sleep on, I shan't raise no fuss nor go into hysterics, the way Mrs. Taylor did at camp meetin last year. Yes; I'll put up with things as I find 'em and make the best of it, and I won't be jealous if a few of 'em hev better clothes on or kin sing better'n me. That's how I'll act, Samuel, and then if they pick on me they'll git as good as they give. I kin be sassid and picked on jest so fur, but after that they want to look out. Would it put you out any, Samuel, if I died at night instead of in the daytime? As I said, if I died at night I could slip into heaven without any fuss, but if it's goin to make you any extra trouble I'll perish by daylight. What will be the most convenient hour for you?"

There was deep silence. Mrs. Gallup's tears made no thud as they fell upon the carpet, and Mr. Gallup was reading with bated breath that an ostrich covers 13 feet of ground at every stride when in full flight. The clock ticked, the silence grew deeper, and the cricket on the hearth fell into a doze. Then Mr. Gallup suddenly laid aside his paper, stretched his arms and legs, with a "Ho-hum," and looked around to find Mrs. Gallup asleep in her chair. She hadn't gone to join the angels—not yet.

M. QUAD.

## THE KING OF HANDCUFFS.

How Harry Houdini, American, Surprised the British.

When Harry Houdini, the American king of handcuffs, arrived in England, he tried to arrange for an exhibit of his skill at Scotland Yard, but the authorities refused to allow him an opportunity of putting on or taking off official handcuffs, says London M. A. P. So, accompanied by a skeptical London manager, he paid an ordinary call as an American visitor to the police headquarters. Mr. Houdini, after making the usual remarks on everything he saw and heard, casually asked a question about a pair of handcuffs. The guide took them down and answered:

"Oh these are handcuffs impossible to remove."

Houdini was greatly interested, and the incident closed by the American visitor requesting his guide to lock the handcuffs on his wrists. Then he turned his back and succeeded in getting them off in a couple of minutes.

One of Houdini's strangest adventures happened at a big hotel in St. Paul, Minn., where he was very well known. To his surprise, he found that a couple of men occupying the rooms on either side of his own appeared to be mounting guard over him. At first he only suspected this, but after a few days he was perfectly sure that one or the other of his neighbors shadowed his every movement. One afternoon, when Houdini was sitting in his own room, he heard the sound of scuffling outside the door. Flinging it open, he discovered his two unknown friends grasping a third man, who had evidently been wearing a long dark cape that he was heavily handcuffed.

"We're a couple of detectives, Mr. Houdini," panted one of the men. "This fellow made his escape from jail some days ago. We know that he wouldn't dare to go to a locksmith to get his handcuffs removed, and we suspected that he might come to you."

## Sunday Habits.

The average man dresses himself so much hasty on Sunday that he does not recover until the following Wednesday. In the first place, he lairs around the house, instead of being active as on weekdays. In the next place, he cuts his breakfast later than usual, and his dinner earlier and the result is that he is knocked out on Wednesday. The best thing to do on Sunday is to conform to your usual habits as much as possible.—Arlis in Globe.

**A Power From the Small Boy.**  
Mamma—Don't eat those canned peas, Bidget. They only want to be warmed.

Little Tommy Mamma, peas can't talk, can they?

Mamma—Of course not, dear. Why?

Little Tommy—Then how do you know what they want?—Philadelphia Press.

A man has no more right to say an unkind thing than to act one, no more right to say a rude thing to another than to knock him down.

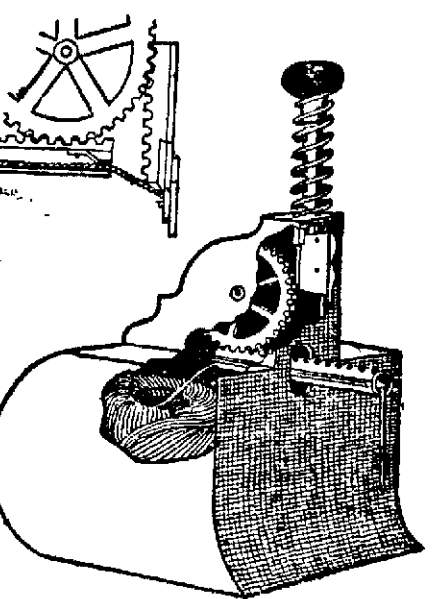
The first time a man is appointed on a "committee" he is very apt to think his position a very important one.—Arlis in Globe.



The Scientific American gives an account of a device which is specially adapted for guiding and cutting twine to be used in tying up packages. It is the invention of a St. Louis man, Raymond D. Weakley.

The device comprises essentially a lower compartment and an upper compartment, the former of which contains the ball of twine and the upper of which incloses the operative mechanism.

This operative mechanism comprises a toothed wheel meshing with a rack formed on a carrier. The carrier is tu-



## NOVEL TWINE HOLDER AND CUTTER.

bular in form and receives the free end of the twine. A spring in the carrier prevents the twine from slipping.

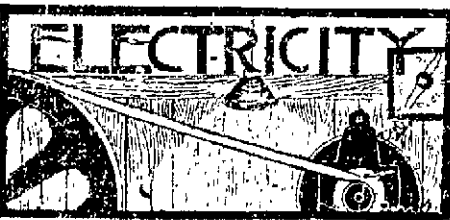
Below the opening in the casing through which the carrier normally projects a knife is secured. In the upper section of the casing a plunger surrounded by a coiled spring is mounted, the plunger being provided with a rack which likewise meshes with the toothed wheel. When the plunger is partly depressed, the toothed wheel is turned, whereby the carrier is forced with-in the casing. When the plunger is depressed to its fullest extent, a blade attached to its lower end will pass the fixed blade previously mentioned and sever that portion of the twine which extends through the opening in the casing.

## To Amuse the Deaf and Blind.

Physicians and scientists are much interested in two machines which have recently been designed for the special benefit of the blind and deaf. In the case of the blind a cinematograph is used which passes under their fingers a series of reliefs, representing the same object in different positions, the result being that an illusion of moving scenes is presented, just as an illusion is presented to those with sight by photographs passing over a luminous screen. For the benefit of those who are incurably deaf Dr. Dussaud of the Psychological Institute of Paris has devised an electrical vibrator which gives them the notion of musical rhythm. Moreover, for those who are only partially deaf he has arranged what he calls a "gradual amplifier of sounds," which strengthens the hearing organs and sometimes improves them.

## Important Plague Discovery.

Some experiments recently made at Cape Town seem to indicate that the "rat plague" which so frequently accompanies human plague epidemics and which has hitherto been thought to be due to the same bacterium is really another disease, caused by a different microbe. Bubonic plague is readily communicable to rabbits by inoculation, whereas the rat plague bacillus when injected produced no effect and indeed differs very considerably in appearance from the human plague bacillus.



A new typewriting machine is now receiving from its manufacturers most critical consideration. It is operated by electricity taken from an ordinary electric light wire, and all that the person writing has to do is to touch over so lightly the keyboard letters. The spacing between words, the spacing at the ends of lines and between lines, everything almost, is accomplished by electric devices which work quite automatically.

Skilled writers have been testing some experimental machines to ascertain the commercial practicability of the new invention and to see wherein it may be improved before putting it on the market. It is expected that it can be made so as to sell for about \$175.

## A Noiseless Alarm Clock.

A noiseless alarm clock would prove a boon to a host of sufferers from unreasonable din. The suggestion is made that a silent alarm can be given by focusing an electric lamp upon the head of the person to be awakened and arranging a switch so that the current to light the lamp would be turned on by the clock at the desired time. It is claimed that the flash of light would invariably arouse the sleeper.

## The Latest Marconi Device.

Mr. Marconi has a motor carriage which is equipped with a folding cylinder on top of the car and devices for the transmission of wireless telegraphic signaling.

## This Will Worry "Central."

An attachment is provided in Sweden by which the secrecy of the telephone line is assured. The apparatus, which is rented at a moderate rate, indicates whether the telephone operator is listening to the conversation or not.

## MIDSUMMER DRINKS.

Thirst Quenching and Cooling Concoctions of Home Manufacture.

At this season a cooling drink that is not only thirst quenching, but healthful and appetizing, should be at hand in every home. From the following tested recipes, originally presented in Good Housekeeping, some special favorites may be chosen that all the family will enjoy:

**Sarsaparilla Mould.**—Take three pounds of sugar, three ounces of tartaric acid, one ounce each of cream of tartar, flour and essence of sarsaparilla and three quarts of water. Strain and bottle it. Let it stand ten days before using.

**Currant Shrub.**—Boil currant juice and sugar in proportion of one pound of sugar to one pint of juice five minutes. Stir it constantly while cooking. When cold, bottle it. Use like raspberry shrub, one teaspoonful or two to a tumblerful of water.

**Raspberry Vinegar.**—Mash two quarts of raspberries in an earthen vessel. Put them in a large stone bottle or jar and pour over them two quarts of good strong vinegar. Cork the jar slightly and let the juice distill in the sun two or three weeks; then filter clear and bottle, corking it well.

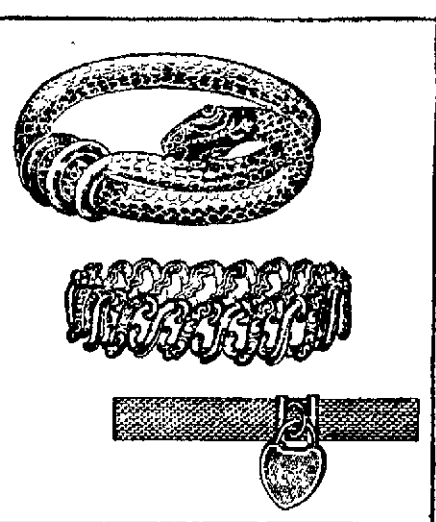
**Oatmeal Drink.**—Put into a large pan a quarter of a pound of fine fresh oatmeal, six ounces of white sugar and half of a lemon cut into small pieces. Mix with a little warm water, then pour over it one gallon of boiling water, stirring all together thoroughly, and use when cold.

**Lemonade Syrup.**—With one pound of sugar mix the grated yellow rind of six lemons, moisten the sugar with as much water as it will absorb and boil it to a clear sirup. Add the juice of 12 lemons, stirring it in well over the fire, but do not let it boil after the juice is added. Bottle the sirup at once and cork it when cold. Mix a little of this with cold water when lemonade is wanted.

The majority of these drinks when put up in small bottles may be cooled just before using simply by setting the bottle in the ice chest. Others which will bear adulterating may simply have cracked ice added after filling the glass.

**The Growing Vogue of Bracelets.**  
The bracelet is a growing fashion, and thus far the flexible ones seem to afford the standard, though of variants there are many, says Elsie Bee in The Jewellers' Circular.

A narrow string of brilliants hinged together side by side presents a handsome example. Heart shaped sapphires separated by a single diamond are an-



## POPULAR BRACELETS.

other. Links of brilliants, each inclosing a square cut emerald, furnish a third.

Pearls of different hues strung together fascinate with their variety of color. Single chains of gold are spaced off with balls of turquoise, jade or other stones.

Watch bracelets are an established style, and all sorts of serpent and adjustable or "expanding" bracelets are very much in evidence, as are a variety of padlock bracelets. Serpent, expanding and padlock styles are shown in the cut.

## Today's Jewelry and Silverware.

Everything pertaining to the shirt waist is of interest just now, and in this line some very taking novelties are found among the sleeve links, says The Jewellers' Circular. The first notable feature is the use of cross matched or unmatched stones. A sapphire and a cat's eye, both cabochon cut and narrowly rimmed with gold, represent one design. Topazes in contrasting colors—pink and yellow, for instance—make another. Cat's eyes, round and very high topped, are quite prominent in the usual matched buttons. Sapphires are also noticeable in the same shape. In fact, these high, round topped stones appear to be in great favor for sleeve links.

With summer weather candlesticks assume added importance, the use of the bedroom candle being one of the pretty old customs revived in country houses. A neat example of this latter is in the well known low, flat bottomed shape with an extinguisher attached. A beaded edge is the only ornament. Antique and black finish are among newest effects. In the tall candlesticks square pillar, round column and hexagonal shapes are good style, though others are many.

## Raspberry Rolly Poly.

Mix together one pint of sifted flour, one-half of a teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of sugar and one teaspoonful of baking powder and rub in two tablespoonfuls of butter. Mix with sufficient sweet milk to make a soft dough, turn out on a floured board, work with the hands for a moment, then roll out in a sheet one-half of an inch thick. Spread thickly with black or red raspberries, sprinkle with a spoonful or two of sugar and roll up like a jelly roll, pinching the ends to keep in the juice. Lay on a greased plate and steam for half an hour, then place in a hot oven for ten minutes to dry off the crust. Serve with sweetened cream or hard sauce.—Table Talk.

## A LITTLE SOUR CREAM.

And Two or Three Delicious Things That May Be Made With It.

Not infrequently the thrifty housewife finds herself facing the problem of a little cream turned sour, and it is as follows, among other ways, that a Boston Cooking School Magazine writer would confront it:

Possibly she has never discovered what a simple matter it is with any good egg beater to solve the question in a few minutes with a dainty pat of fresh butter. The buttermilk is pressed out with the back of a wooden spoon and washed away to the last trace in baths of clear, cold water, and the golden ball perhaps is left unsalted to grace the table in the appetizing garniture of a lettuce leaf.

In the following recipes care should be taken to see that the rich cream has reached the thickened stage, while the soda, measured with punctilious pains, should be stirred into the cream until it is perfectly in solution, the whole a foamy mass in which the spoon struck against the side of the cup gives back a hollow sound altogether eloquent of its condition to the experienced ear. Neither butter nor baking powder is called for, there is no demand for wearisome creaming together of butter and sugar, while in no case are the whites and yolks of the eggs to be separately beaten. The cup used is the tin measuring cup marked in quarters and holding a half pint.

**Sour Cream Gingerbread.**—Three-quarters of a cupful of thick sour cream, half a cupful of molasses, half a cupful of granulated sugar, two cupfuls of flour measured before sifting, two eggs, a rounding teaspoonful of baking soda, a tablespoonful of ginger, a dessertspoonful of cinnamon. Beat together eggs, sugar and molasses. Add half the cream and dissolve soda in the remainder, after which beat all lightly together. Sift into the mixture flour, ginger and cinnamon and stir until smooth. Bake in a moderate oven about half an hour.

**Sour Cream Biscuits.**—One cup of flour, measured before sifting; half a cup of sour cream, one-fourth cup of sweet milk, one level teaspoonful of baking powder, half a teaspoonful of soda, scant measure, one-third teaspoonful of salt.

Sift the flour, baking powder and salt together in a mixing bowl. Add the cream, in which the soda has been perfectly dissolved and, when well mixed, the milk. Mix smooth and roll out, using as little flour on the bread board as possible. Roll about an inch thick and bake ten minutes in a hot oven. This will make about ten biscuits two inches in diameter before baking.

## THE SUNBONNET GIRL.

Wears Her New Headgear or Lets It Hang Down Her Back at Will.

After the various sorts of summer girls—the dimity girl, the white duck girl and the golf girl—comes the newest of all, the sunbonnet girl. With her curls flying about her sunburned cheeks, her face never looked half so bewitching as when thus quaintly framed, says the New York Herald.

For sailing, tennis, golfing and indeed any outdoor sport the summer girl dons this new and favorite head covering and sallies forth ready to enjoy whatever fun there is in store for her.

She may tie the strings of her old fashioned headgear under her chin or leave them fluttering to the breeze, just whichever happens to be the fancy of



## THE GOLF GIRL'S FAVORITE.

the moment, for the sunbonnet girl is one who indulges every whim and is in for a most enjoyable time.

Half the time the bonnet is hanging down her arm and, again, may be carried by some member of the sterner sex who flutters about the belle of the season as the proverbial moth.

The golf sunbonnet, with its bright red gorgeousness, makes a charming bit of color on the smooth green links.

Gingham bonnets are trimmed with ruffles or fine white embroidery and are perhaps the most useful kind of all, yet they lack the airiness of the organdie or mull.

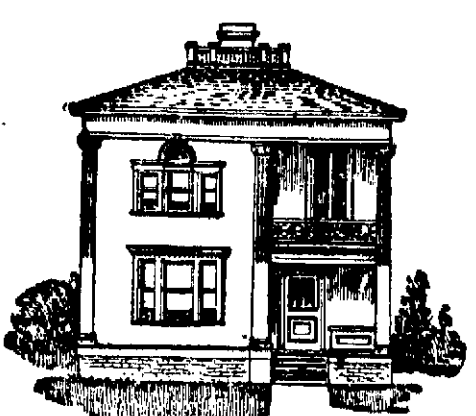
## Wear Your Rings All on One Hand.

Mrs. Astor, the head of the family, has a passion for gorgeous rings and has always been known to have the finest collection of any woman in New York society. She has always had her hands fairly ablaze with them, but, according to The New Idea Woman's Magazine, has lately adopted a fad which, as Mrs. Astor has started it, will undoubtedly become the "fad of the hour." She wears no rings on her right hand. She wears rings on every finger of her left hand and rarely if ever does she wear a mixture of stones. One day all her rings will be of rubies and diamonds, the next day they will be of tourmalines and diamonds, the following day emeralds and diamonds will be worn, and so on through the list of precious stones.

## A COLONIAL DWELLING.

Simple but Effective House That Can Be Built For \$3,000.

Sanitary authorities declare that beauty is an aid to health and that ugliness is a hindrance to health. It has been shown by experience in hospitals, when mind and body are enfeebled by bad health, that the introduction of disagreeable objects into the sickroom is painful and in-

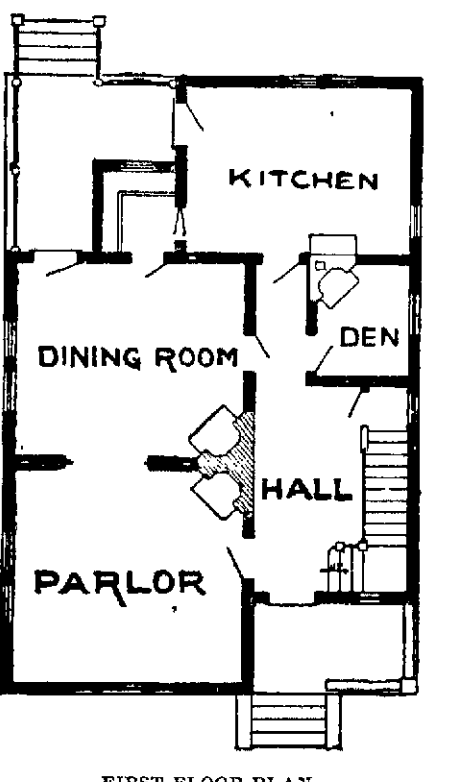


FRONT ELEVATION.

jurious to the occupants, while the presence of beautiful flowers, pictures and designs has a curative effect—a kind of mental tonic which invigorates and tones the body. This thought leads us to the consideration of the best forms, having regard to effect on the eye and through the eye on mental and bodily health, and so with all the detail of visible construction and decoration.

In reference to dwelling houses, no part should be excluded from the possession of architectural art, because it is the tendency of the human mind to allow that which is disagreeable, plain and ugly to go without regard and accumulate dirt and disorder. Consequently all the offices of the house should have as much care bestowed upon them as the living rooms to render them bright and cheerful and as obviously clean as the more important salons. Persons possessed of moderate means frequently make the error of building too large a house at the sacrifice of the details of both the exterior and interior finish of the building.

The accompanying illustrations represent a modest and sensible design of a home quite suitable for a small family living in a suburban town or village. The exterior is pleasing, and the low pitched roof makes an admirable contrast to many pretentious dwellings, which seem to consist chiefly of pediments and dor-



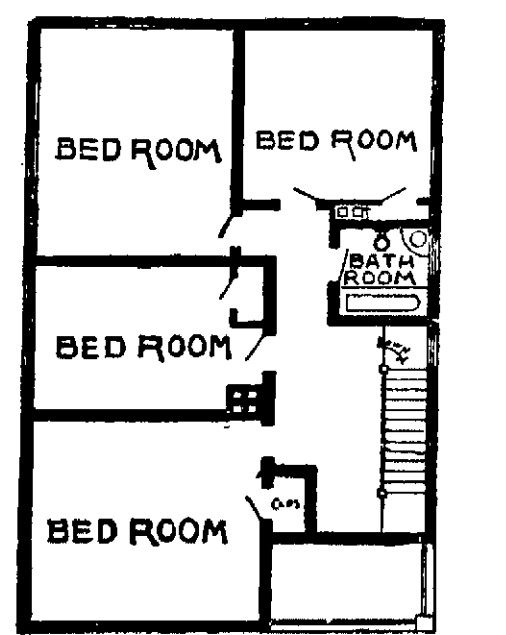
FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

mer windows. The front entrance is protected by a good sized porch, which is carried up so as to form a balcony in the second story. There is also a back porch or veranda to shelter the back door of the house. A cellar extends under the whole building, with a cemented floor to make it dry and cool.

In the first story you pass from the veranda into the staircase hall, which communicates directly with the parlor at the left and the corridor at the back. From this corridor doors open to the dining room, kitchen and den, or smoking room. The dining room is separated from the parlor by an opening which may be closed with folding or sliding doors or curtains, as may be desired. The route to the kitchen passes from the dining room through the pantry in the customary manner in well arranged dwellings. The kitchen is equipped with all modern conveniences, including a range, boiler and kitchen sink.

A large open fireplace, with a grate for burning coal, lends cheerfulness to the den, this most desirable little accessory to the comforts of a home. This den may be used for a library or would serve as an office for a physician or professional man.

In the second story are four good rooms, with a bathroom, closets, etc. The foundation walls of the building are of stone laid in good cement mortar.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

Above the foundation walls the building is of wood, strongly framed, sheathed and clapboarded; roof shingled.

The front is ornamented with triplet windows, pilasters, railings of veranda and balcony, cornice, etc.

Inside the walls and ceilings are lathed and plastered in three coats, in the usual way for best work. The stairs are of cypress, with mahogany rails and balusters. All the other inside woodwork is of cypress, in keeping with the style and finish of the building. The building can be erected for about \$3,000.



## SAVED BY THE BEARS

THEY ROUTED THE REVENUE MEN WHO WERE HUNTING WHISKY.

**Zeb White Tells How the Pesky Varmints Sampled His Moonshine Juice and the Result, and Mrs. Zeb Has a Word to Say About Brains.**

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

"We'd bin makin moonshine whisky over in the big ravine fur about three weeks," said the old possum hunter of Tennessee, "when a thumpin big b'ar cum down out of the thicket one day and acted in a mighty curious way. It was in the summer, and he was sheddin his fur, and though I had my rifle handy, I didn't keer to shoot him. That b'ar smelt the whisky, and he sniffed and snuffed and seemed to want a taste. I hollered at him and driv him off two or three times, but he kept comin back. My ole woman had come over with my supper, and arter watchin the b'ar fur awhile she said:

"Zeb, that b'ar wants a drink of co'n juice suah's yo'r bo'n, and I'm fur givin it to him."

"I laughed at the idea, but as he continued to hang around the place the old woman poured about a pint of the stuff into a pan and set it on a stone 30 rods away. She had skilfully turned her back befo' the b'ar was lappin it up, and he smacked his lips over it jest like a man. In a leetle while he walked off, and later on we heard sich a row down around the bend that we crept down to see what it was. It was our b'ar and his mate. That pint of whisky had made our b'ar feel mighty jolly, and he was insistin that the other b'ar dance around and roll over with him. One was drunk and jolly and the other sober and mad, and the way they carried on was as good as a circus. Next day both b'ars showed up fur whisky and went off as jolly as you please, and half an hour later I walked right up to them as they slept and snored. I wasn't fur givin away any mo' lickin, but the ole woman thinks it over and says:

"Zeb, the fur of them b'ars won't be wuth shucks fur three months, but what's the matter with shettin the varmints up in our outdoor cellar fur the rest of the summer? I reckon we kin manage to feed 'em, and each hide will fetch \$15 as soon as the fur is prime."

"I decided that it was a good idea, and we put out a hull quart of whisky fur 'em, but fur some reason they had left the neighborhood. The old woman reckoned they'd got ashamed of themselves and gone off to avoid temptation, and I kinder figured that they was off spreadin the news and invitin other b'ars to come along and sheer a good thing. We'd about given up seein 'em ag'in when they showed up. I was all alone at the still that day, but I had ropes at hand to tie 'em up in case our plan worked, and I poured two full quarts of whisky into the pan and set it out in the old place. Them b'ars had bin roamin around and keepin sober fur so long that they was dyin fur a spree, and they lapped up every drop of that lickin and licked their chops fur mo'. They didn't git jolly, as I looked fur. On the contrary, they snarled and growled and wanted to pick a fuss with each other. Mebbe a b'ar is like a man about drinkin. Let him git too much, and he's ugly instead of jolly. I waited awhile and then follered 'em, hopin to find 'em asleep, and that's how I cum to see a sight to make my ha'r stand up.

"Down around the bend in the ravine was a grassy spot, and what I saw was them b'ars rollin four men over the ground. It wasn't a minit befo' I knowed who them men was. They was revenoo fellers who hed got news of my still and was sneakin up the ravine to ketch me red handed. The b'ars had met 'em and pitched right in. I reckon the fellers was too surprised to fire a shot, though all had pistols, and the way them b'ars did slam 'em around was a caution. Two of the fellers broke away as soon as I got thar, but the other two was so badly clawed thar arter the b'ars left 'em they could skally crawl, and I'm suah they laid out in the woods all night. I was much obliged to the varmints, as yo' may reckon, as they hed saved me from a surprise, and in my gratitude I said to the ole woman:

"I ain't gwine to play no tricks on a varmint what has saved me from ruin, and I shan't try to captur 'em. Deed, but I'll furnish 'em with free co'n juice and let 'em hev a good time."

"They was back next day fur their drink, and, rememberin how a quart had made 'em ugly drunk, I only sot out a pint. They lapped it up and looked fur mo', and when no mo' was fo' thoomin they gin us a surprise party. Thar was fo' men of us at the still that day, and arter growlin around fur awhile them b'ars cum chargin down upon us. We had to scatter mighty sudden, and they kept us away fur an hour. Thar was no whisky to be got at, and they tore down our shanty, clawed our blankets into strips and went off growlin at each other. We didn't see 'em ag'in fur a month.

Then one day as I was carryin a keg of the stuff on my shoulder along a mountain path I run full tilt into the two of 'em. I knowed 'em in a minit, and I jest counted on hev'n a fuss with 'em. It was no use tryin to git away, and I put down the keg and stood back to gin 'em a chance at it. But they didn't take it. They walked up and sniffed about, and as soon as they recognized the smell they sorter shook their heads and walked off and gin me a clear road. As I figgered it, them b'ars had tried whisky and found that it brung nuthin but headaches and fightin and hard knocks. They'd jest made up their minds that it was bad stuff and hed gone back on it, and that

keg was no temptashun. Yes, sub, they walked off and let me pass on, and I never shall hear the last of it from the ole woman. I never hev taken a nip of co'n juice since then that she wasn't ready to speak out:

"Thar yo' go ag'in, Zeb White! Law me, but if yo' only hed the brains of a b'ar, what a happy woman I'd be!"

M. QUAD.

## CARL DUNDER'S SAYINGS.

**A Wholesome Combination of Fun and Philosophy.**

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

Some people vhas born dot way und can't help it. Last week my brudder-in-law goes out in der woods to kill a rabbit. He doan' find no rabbits, but he kills a fox und den comes home und kicks about his hard luck.

In my time I haf caught some fish dot weighed 20 pounds apiece, but dot doan' satisfy me. I vhas always mourning after dose fish which weighed 22 pounds apiece und got away from me.

I haf had men pick my pockets, und I haf had friends borrow my money, und I can't quite figure out why der pickpocket should be sent to jail und der odder party go free. It vhas all der same to me—I got nothing back.

If a man comes to me und doan' say nothings, mebbe he gets feefy cents, but if a man comes to me und says he vhas a squar' man und can't sleep nights if he doan' pay his debts I shust walk off und leave him to talk mit der gatepost.

Der man who calls me oop at midnight to tell me dot my henhouse door vhas open thinks to do me a favor, but if he vhas a philosopher he would



CARL DUNDER.

see dot if der door vhas open some thief must haf taken der fowls, und of what use to break oop my sleep? It vhas better for all of us dot we stop a leetle.

You vwill always find men who vhas in troubles because of not knowin a good thing when it vhas put at dem. I once offered a thief \$2 in cash to keep away from my chickens, but one night he goes to steal an old rooster worth feefy cents und vhas lamed for life mit a charge of bucksbot.

Nopody can depend upon der pooblie. When I vhas an honest alderman, everybody believes I vhas dishonest und make ten thousand dollars out of some shobs. When I goes by der legislature und makes \$20,000 in one day, der people hurrahed for me und called me "Dot Honest Dootchmans."

One night Mrs. Dunder wakes me oop und says a burglar vhas in der house.

"Vvhiell, how vvas it?" I says.

"You must drive him out."

"Dot vhas no policy. If I drive him out, he comes back some other night. If I let him look around und find nothings to steal, he not only walks away by himself, but he feels it vhas no use to come again."

When I vhas going home in a crowded street car der odder cawfings, I gif oop my seat to a fat man.

"How vvas dot?" said one of my friends. "Haf you got some pity fur dot man?"

"Not a bit," says I. "I simply gif oop my seat to revenge on my fellow men. Doan' you see dot he takes oop twice my room und squeezes twice as many folks together?"

M. QUAD.

## Lieutenant Jones' Nerve.

"The nerviest act I know of," said a Kansas man while discussing the world's brave deeds, "was performed by Lieutenant Jones of the company of marines that took John Brown at Harper's Ferry. Robert E. Lee had advanced his 90 marines in a semicircle about the armory in which Brown and his men had taken refuge. Then Lieutenant Jones stepped out and commenced to read the riot act to the men behind the armory walls, and, though they kept shooting at him, his voice never wavered, nor did he show any other sign of trepidation. I was in that company of marines."—Kansas City Journal.

## Hailed.

"Does that young woman hail from Boston?"

"Yes," answered the youth thoughtfully; "that expresses the idea precisely. She hails from Boston. I was never before overtaken by such a heavy downfall of intellectual ice."—Washington Star.

## Sleepless.

Blobbs—Why don't you consult a doctor about your insomnia?

Slobbs—What! And run up more bills? Why, it's because of what I owe him now that I can't sleep.

When a man reaches that point in his career where he is satisfied with himself, his usefulness on earth is at an end.—Chicago News.

## NAVY'S REAL HEAD.

CHIEF OF NAVIGATION BUREAU DESERVES THE TITLE.

**He Has Almost Unlimited Power Over Ships and Men—Present Incumbent, Admiral Crowninshield, Will Figure In Schley Inquiry.**

Prominent among the men concerned in the court of inquiry that has been called to investigate the conduct of Rear Admiral Schley during the Spanish-American war is Rear Admiral Arent Schuyler Crowninshield, chief of the bureau of navigation of the United States navy. In reality Rear Admiral Crowninshield is entitled only to the designation "captain," for that is his actual rank in the naval list. His chieftainship of what is probably the most important branch of the navy department, however, gives him a right to the higher title as well as to an increase of salary. Should the rear admiral be assigned to other duty he would again become simply Captain Crowninshield. Such a contingency is hardly likely, however, since the admiral is considered by many one of the ablest officers of our navy.

Rear Admiral Crowninshield will be one of the most important witnesses before the court of inquiry. His opinions will be of weight because his were the orders that directed the movements of the fleet during the memorable Cuban naval campaign. As an expert he will also be asked what he would have done in the circumstances in which Rear Admiral Schley was placed during the operations of the war.

Although the bureau of navigation, of which Admiral Crowninshield is the chief, has, especially within recent years, come to be considered the most important of the navy, it is not of ancient origin. It dates back only to the beginning of the civil war. Until President Garfield's administration, however, the chief possessed little real power, many of his present functions being exercised by some of the other bureau heads. Now he is considered to have virtual command of the entire naval force and ranks close to the secretary of the navy. Even in actual warfare the commanding head of the fleet receives his orders through the head of the bureau. Much of the power



REAR ADMIRAL ARENT SCHUYLER CROWNINSHIELD.

thus exercised is held by virtue of a law, which declares that the orders of the chiefs of bureaus shall be considered as emanating from the secretary of the navy and shall have full force and effect as such.

The chiefs of the bureaus of the navy department are appointed by the president, with the sanction of the senate, for a term of four years. While so acting they have the relative rank and pay of junior grade rear admirals unless already holding higher grades. Besides the bureau of navigation, there are several others, as follows: Equipment yards and docks, ordnance, medicine and surgery, supplies and accounts, steam engineering and construction and repairs.

The bureau of navigation is charged with everything pertaining to the navigation of ships, including the hydrographic office, signal office, naval observatory, nautical almanac office and office of detail. From the last named orders are issued to officers for service, and in it the officers' rolls are kept. It will be seen that the chief of this highly important office has authority over the movement of ships and their crews. He is considered the right hand man of the secretary or assistant secretary.

The present incumbent is a New York man by birth, although a descendant of an old Massachusetts seafaring family. His name is pronounced by Yankees as though it were spelled "Crushell" or "Crunchill." The future admiral was born in 1843. In 1863 he was graduated from the Naval academy and immediately saw service on the old *Theodoroga*. He participated in both attacks on Fort Fisher and saw much hard fighting. In 1896 Crowninshield became a lieutenant, and since then his promotion has been steady and regular. He commanded the *Maine* before Captain Sigsbee took charge of the ill fated battleship in 1897 and left her to become chief of the bureau of navigation.

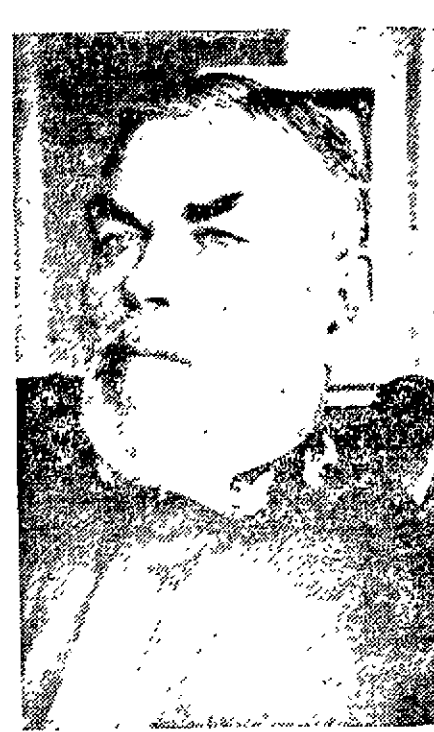
Although Rear Admiral Crowninshield's ability is recognized even by his enemies, he can scarcely be said to be personally popular. He has a brusque manner and a temper that is the reverse of sweet. Newspaper men look on interviewing Rear Admiral Crowninshield as a task requiring much fortitude and nerve.

## TO SUCCEED SAMPSON.

Rear Admiral Johnson Is to Have Command of the Boston Navy Yard.

Next November Rear Admiral William Thomas Sampson will retire from the active list of the United States navy, and at the same time he will give up the command of the navy yard at Boston. The successor of Admiral Sampson in his important office has already been chosen. He is Rear Admiral Mortimer Lawrence Johnson, who is now commandant of the naval station at Port Royal, S. C.

Although Rear Admiral Johnson has not been conspicuously before the public, he has a long and honorable career in the navy. He is a Massachusetts man, a native of Nahant, and entered the naval service in 1859 as a student at Annapolis. In 1861 he was graduated and immediately assigned to war duty aboard the steam sloop *Mississip-*



REAR ADMIRAL MORTIMER L. JOHNSON.

pi. During the civil war young Johnson served also on the *Tuscarora*, the *Nipsic* and other renowned ships and saw much fighting under Admirals Du Pont and Dahlgren. In 1869 he became a lieutenant commander and held that rank in the European squadron.

After doing various duties ashore and afloat Johnson attained in 1893 the rank of captain and the command of the receiving ship *Franklin* at the Portsmouth navy yard. After hoisting his flag on various ships of the new navy in 1898 Captain Johnson was appointed to the *Miantonomoh*, the first vessel commissioned for service in the Spanish-American war. He has since been captain of the Boston navy yard and commandant of the Port Royal station. Rear Admiral Johnson attained his present flag rank on the recent retirement of Rear Admiral Albert Kautz.

Ordering Admiral Johnson to the command of the Boston navy yard is considered a good stroke of business on the part of the department, for he was captain of the yard during the great period of reorganization and development in 1899 and 1900. The admiral is credited with the possession of much good, hard common sense and business ability, and he is said to be one of the best executives in the service.

## LOVE OR MONEY?

Washington Man Values His Wife's Affections at \$100,000.

If the romanticists among us are to be believed, most men would not sell the love of their wives for millions of dollars. Mr. John Seager of Washington is more modest in his demands, for he asks of Charles C. Worthington, a New York millionaire, only \$100,000 as the price of alienating the affections of the former Mrs. Seager. Perhaps the fact that Mrs. Seager recently obtained a divorce has something to do with the reduced figure.

Before her marriage eight years ago Mrs. Seager was well known to New York as one of "the beautiful Rice sisters." One of them is married to George W. Lederer, the New York the-



Photo by Willehn, New York. MRS. JOHN SEAGER.

atrical manager. Mr. Seager is a stockbroker of the capital city and was formerly secretary to Daniel S. Lamont. A few months ago his wife went on a European trip with other members of her family. According to Mr. Seager's statement, she wrote to him from Berlin, informing him that she was about to sue for a divorce. Not caring to hinder her, he did not contest the suit. Now, however, Mr. Seager declares, he has learned that Mr. Worthington is the cause of his wife's move.

## ATTEND THE GREAT West Va. Exposition and State Fair

At the City of Wheeling, September 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, 1901.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT THIS YEAR.

Grand Exhibition of horses, Cattle, sheep, Swine, Dogs and Poultry. TROTTER, PACING and RUNNING RACES both Day and Night.

KEMP SISTERS STUPENDOUS HIPPODROME COMBINATION, introducing SPORTS OF ANCIENT ROME.

THRILLING WILD WEST EXHIBITION, Indians, Cowboys and Rough Riders LITTLE & GLASGOW Amusement Enterprise, The Limit of Human Adventure.

ALVINA, THE GREAT BALLOONIST. Fired from a Cannon 3,000 feet above the Earth.

Unrivalled Art, Industrial and Mercantile Exhibitions. The Midway, German Village, Booths, Bands and Entertainments.

Low Excursion Rates on all Railroads.

A. REYMAN, President. GEO. HOOK, Secretary.



**FIRE INSURANCE**  
The Ohio Farmers Insurance Company  
INSURES FARM PROPERTY AT COST.  
C. V. HAMMERSMITH, AGENT,  
MASSILLON, O.

For Fine  
**INDIANA WATERMELONS**  
and  
**CANTELOUPES**  
see  
**S. F. WEFLER,**

**Pan-American Route**  
Between CLEVELAND and BUFFALO.  
STEAMERS CITY OF BUFFALO AND CITY OF ERIE.

Both together being without doubt, in all respects, the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD—DAILY—APRIL 15th to DEC. 1st.

Leave Cleveland 8 p. m. Arrive Buffalo 6:30 a. m. | Leave Buffalo 8 p. m. Arrive Cleveland 6:30 a. m.

ADDITIONAL SERVICE DURING JULY AND AUGUST

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Cleveland 8 p. m. Arrive Buffalo 6:30 a. m. | Leave Buffalo 8 p. m. Arrive Cleveland 6:30 a. m.

Leave Cleveland Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 5 p. m. Arrive Buffalo 5:30 a. m.

Leave Buffalo Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays 5 p. m. Arrive Cleveland 5:30 a. m.

All Central Standard Time. Orchestra Accompanies Each Steamer.

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points, at Cleveland for Detroit and all points West and Southwest.

Ask ticket agents for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet.

SPECIAL LOW RATES CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT, ALSO BUFFALO TO CLEVELAND.

W. F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

**WARTHORST & Co.**  
**QUARRY.**  
**BRICK. - - BRICK.**  
**Massillon, O.**

**Remember**

Our pharmacy contains every article pertaining to an up-to-date DRUG STORE. The purest and best drugs and pharmaceutical preparations, the finest Perfumes, the most modern Toilet preparations, and an immense stock of Toilet Soaps and Toilet requisites.

**RIDER & SNYDER,**  
Pharmacists, No. 12 East Main St.

**DAILY EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA**

Through, first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year from Chicago.

**PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS**

Every Thursday from Chicago.

**Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road, Finest Scenery.**

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars or fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest agent, or address W. B. KNISKERN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

**Chicago & North-Western Railway.**



## THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,  
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868,  
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887,  
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.  
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on  
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Ban-  
mer's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),  
and Bert Hankin's News stand in  
North Mill street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1901.

Colonel Filbourne is not expected to do much talking against trusts in the coming campaign. As the senior member of a business firm owning and controlling various valuable patents, he is a sort of a trust magnate himself.

The Canton News Democrat continues to give away political secrets entrusted to it by the Hon. Anthony Howells. From the latest revelations we learn that "there will be a lively campaign in this section of the state," that "it is not the intention of Mr. Howells to stump the entire state," and that "there has been some talk of opening the campaign at Bucyrus."

Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who has just come back from his summer trip to Europe greatly impressed with the attitude of continental countries toward America, says that in Germany the trusts refuse to sell anything to a merchant who deals in an imported article. This makes it more difficult for the importer because the boycott means ruin. Where the American opens his own warehouse, as the shoe dealers did in Vienna, the native shoemakers mob the place and the police look the other way. Notwithstanding all this the superiority and cheapness of American goods are giving them increased demand everywhere. According to Senator Depew, an industrial defensive and offensive alliance against us has insuperable difficulties, but we must expect each country to put in practice every device to keep our products.

A writer on the subject of recent electrical development notes the importance of electrical systems as feeders to steam railroads which has been demonstrated to an extent that has led at least two of the larger railroad systems, namely, the Pennsylvania and the New York, New Haven & Hartford companies to invest in them and promote their construction. The steam railroads have also shown their appreciation of trolley lines as promoters of traffic by supplying their patrons with time tables of the various electric roads running from points on their lines. In view of the enormous and comparatively recent growth of electric railways in all parts of the country their effect upon the traffic of steam railroads becomes most interesting. There appears to be no lack of evidence that the older and more ponderous means of communication do not suffer seriously or permanently by the increase in the new method of transportation.

While it is true that the ocean commerce of the United States is carried on foreign bottoms, the annual report of American shipping interests in the Marine Review shows that American shipping interests are by no means dead. It appears that the present generation of shipbuilders never enjoyed a season of such activity. "To equal it," says the review, "one must go back to the clipper days of 1854 and 1855 before iron began to supplant wood in the construction of vessels, and when American shipyards, thanks to the plentitude of constructive material, were great hives of industry. When iron was found to be more serviceable than wood the shipbuilding industry in the United States lagged because iron was scarce. The advance of the United States in recent years, however, as a steel-making nation has, through force of circumstances, revived shipbuilding. The coast shipyards are crowded with passenger and freight steamers, building for the coastwise trade. A considerable business is also being done in steel sailing vessels."

As civilization and education go hand in hand, the report of Prof. Atkinson, general superintendent of schools in the Philippines, showing that there exists among the people a great desire to secure admission to the American schools is one of the most encouraging signs of the progress of civilization in the islands so far received. Prof. Atkinson notes a significant change in the attitude of the Philippine teachers. Owing to the uncertainty that attended American occupation of the Philippines six months ago, scarcely any changes had been introduced into the public schools of Manila. In December the plan was adopted of having the teachers of English devote at least the last

half hour of the forenoon to the instruction of the Filipino teachers, and at the same time the announcement was made that very shortly Spanish as a medium of instruction would be abandoned. With a very few exceptions the teachers accepted the proposed change of language, and their attitude has now become one of real eagerness for the adoption of English.

## BOSS ON TOP WAVE

Howald Smiles Over His  
Alleged Victory.

HE GETS HIS MEN TOGETHER

And Quietly Has Himself Re-elected Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee—The Anti-Howalds are Filled With Wrath and Declare They'll Have Him Deposed—The Squabble in General.

"Boss" Adrian P. Howald claims that the battle between his faction and the Franz faction is over, and that the Democratic central committee was Saturday night organized with himself president: Fred Stahl, secretary, and Joseph Bartel, treasurer. He says it was a regular meeting, a quorum being present. He holds that four members constitute a quorum. Besides the three persons elected to offices, he states, W. J. Essig and Simon Stephen were also present.

The anti-Howalds insist that the meeting was irregular, that a quorum was not present, and that Howald's election will be contested. A majority of the members of the committee, they say, is necessary for a quorum. The committee has ten members. Furthermore, they claim, Dr. Hattery and Frank Riese had tied for committeeman in one of the third ward precincts at the recent election. "Under our rules," said Howald today, "ties of this kind must be decided by casting lots. So, Saturday night, neither Mr. Riese nor Dr. Hattery being present, I, as chairman, appointed Mr. Stephen to represent Dr. Hattery, and Mr. Essig to represent Mr. Riese. Mr. Bartel tossed a dollar into the air. Stephen chose 'tails' and won the place for Dr. Hattery. We have won out on the square just as I said we would if we won at all. We're not looking for anything else."

The Howald "push" believe that the anti, with defeat staring them in the face, remained away from the meeting purposely, hoping thus to make organization impossible. The anti, however, say that they did not attend because one of their number was absent. They further claim that they were not given due notice that a meeting was to be held.

Dr. Hattery says he did not give his proxy to anyone in the election matter. Howald says nobody claims he did. "But he did consent to the way in which the tie was settled," declared Howald, "for I saw him and he argued to have it done by casting lots."

Howald admits that there was some secrecy about the meeting. "After the thing was over," he said, "we didn't want to make those fellows sore by crowing over them, so we didn't tell anybody. But, of course, you reporters were bound to get on to it anyhow."

**Hundred Year Clubs**  
Are becoming numerous. The idea is to promote longevity. It is interesting to note that the means through which long life is to be obtained, is food and the stomach. Long life and good health are not possible unless the stomach does its work properly. There is a way to make it, it it does not. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an ideal strength restorer. If you would be cured of dyspepsia, indigestion, belching, constipation, insomnia, nervousness, biliousness, try the Bitters. Everybody should try it to help nature rid the blood of all impurities. It possesses valuable curative properties, and as a specific for malaria, fever and ague, it is unequalled. Don't fail to give it a trial, but be sure you get the genuine.

Mrs. S. H. Allport, Johnstown, Pa., says: "Our little girl almost strangled to death with croup. The doctors said she couldn't live, but she was instantly relieved by One Minute Cough Cure." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

**For Over Fifty Years**  
"We have never known a group have been cured for children's croup. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures colds and coughs, and is the best remedy for croupers. 25c a bottle."

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular, serious complications must be the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

A lame shoulder is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles, and may be cured by a few applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

## A LECTURE COURSE

One of Six Numbers Has  
Been Arranged.

THE FIRST WILL BE A LECTURE.

Will be Delivered by Bob Taylor, Ex-Governor of Tennessee—Louis Favour on "Electricity"—Elias Day, Characterist—John T. Graves on "A Reunited Country."

A course of lectures and entertainments has been arranged for the coming season. The Association of last year, which lacked about \$50 of making ends meet, has not re-organized, but J. E. Johns and others of the members have determinedly refused to allow the work of the association to die with it. There is a probability that the course may be given under the auspices of one or other of the local fraternal orders, and if this is not done a professional ticket-seller and maker of arrangements will be engaged to do the active work in connection with the course, the success of which under any circumstances lies with the people. All of the entertainments will be given at the Armory.

The first number of the course will take place October 21. Ex-Governor Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, will lecture on "The New Plantation." Mr. Taylor is spoken of as "more than a genius in his way, standing today alone as the great portrayer, upon the lecture platform, of the beauties of nature, and delineator of humbler characters. His is a heart of melody and a tongue of gold."

The dates for the other numbers have not been fixed, but the entertainments will be given monthly. Elias Day, characterist, will do much in mimicry and impersonation, and will give an interesting talk on "The Degeneracy of the Art of Story Telling."

Louis Favour will lecture on "Electricity." Besides the talk, there will be many experiments and demonstrations.

Edward T. Hagerman, D. D., has a variety of subjects. That upon which he will speak here has not been announced.

John Temple Graves, whom Henry Waterson calls the most eloquent Southerner of today, will have for his subject one of the following: "A Reunited Country," "The Reign of the Demagogue," "The Last Hope of the Negro," or "Aaron Burr." The musical entertainment of the course will be given by the Fadettes, the famous woman's orchestra of Boston. The Fadettes are making their fourth annual tour, and command everywhere the commendation of critics.

PLANS OF F. R. STEELE.

He Speaks of the Proposed  
Pasteurizing Plant.

The concern which is seeking to obtain control of the milk product of this section, and of its sale in Massillon, is the Hastings Industrial Company, of Chicago. F. R. Steele, state agent for the company, is in the city today.

"If our plans prove successful," said Mr. Steele, Tuesday, "we shall establish a pasteurizing factory here, and will buy up the entire daily product of all the farms and dairies for miles around. The process through which we will put the milk will render it absolutely pure. There is no possibility of filth or disease germs surviving a passage through these processes. In addition, a keeping quality is added to the milk. Pasteurized milk has been shipped from Chicago to Liverpool, Eng., and was as sweet at the end of the journey as at the beginning. Pasteurizing simply consists of heating and cooling the milk. We figure that five or six wagons will be sufficient to cover Massillon. At present there are twenty-two wagons. This great saving will enable us to maintain the prices now paid for milk. It is not at all likely that we shall raise prices, as has been suggested. We are establishing a plant at Canton, and will shortly have fifteen wagons distributing milk. At present there are seventy-two wagons being run in Canton. We are seeing the local dairymen one by one, and we hope to have everything settled in a short time."

Mr. Steele says his company operates in several states. It has plants in scores of Ohio towns. Mr. Steele states that surplus milk will be shipped to Pittsburgh.

Advertised Letters.

LITTON, O. - Mrs. M. J. ...

LITTON, O. - Mrs. M. J. ...

LITTON, O. - Mrs. M. J. ...

LITTON, O. - Mrs. M. J. ...

LITTON, O. - Mrs. M. J. ...

## THE FAIRMOUNT HOME.

Statistics of the Well Known  
Institution.

The current issue of the Ohio bulletin of charities and correction, published quarterly, contains reports from the different children's homes of the state. The report from Fairmount Children's home at Alliance, is as follows: Number of children in home, 111. Average age: Boys 9 years, 11 months; girls 10 years, 3 months. Average length of residence in home: Boys 3 years, 5 months; girls 3 years, 2 months. Seventy-seven children were placed in homes between January 1, 1900, and April 25, 1901, 46 being boys and 31 girls. Of the children remaining 17 have been placed out one time; 3 two times; 1 three times, and 2 four times. A school is maintained in the home.

## A FALL OF FORTY.

Potatoes Come Down to  
\$1 a Bushel.

THEY WILL DROP LOWER STILL.

But by no Means, Say the Dealers, Should the Consumers Expect Cheap Potatoes This Winter—Watermelons From Indiana—Little Wheat Coming to Town—Little Moving Anywhere—Markets Generally.

Within a week, the price of potatoes, in the local markets, has fallen forty cents a bushel. Dealers Monday paid \$1 a bushel. "The price will drop still lower," remarked one dealer, "for the rains have done much for the crop, particularly the late potatoes. But no one need expect cheap potatoes. They will not fall as low as they have been in recent years."

The crop of peaches is enormous, but in quality the fruit is not what it ought to be, a fact traceable to the continued hot weather.

Watermelons now on the market are products of Indiana. Indiana now supplies practically all the markets of this section of the country. In past years Virginia and Georgia were the leaders in the production of melons. Indiana grew only a late melon. Now it grows all kinds.

There never was anything like the plum crop. Trees are breaking down under their heavy loads.

The demand for roasting ears has not lessened in the least. The supply is very much larger than before. The rains have done wonders for corn.

Wheat is not coming to the city in large quantities. At 68 cents a bushel farmers do not seem desirous of selling. This is true not only hereabouts but all over the country. There is very little wheat moving.

## TIRED OF LIVING.

So This Woman Took Laud-  
num in Large Quantities.

The condition of Mrs. A. Weaver, who resides on Columbian Heights, is much improved today. Neighbors who visited the residence on Monday found her in apparent great distress and pain, and a half empty laudanum bottle at her side, from which Mrs. Weaver did not deny that she had swallowed freely. Although her condition bordered on the semi-conscious for a while, restoratives soon brought her about. Mrs. Weaver refused to assign any reason for her conduct, or to promise to desist from similar attempts in the future.

## MR. STAHL ELECTED.

Fill Vacancy in Navarre School  
Corps.

Navarre, Aug. 27.—The school board last night elected W. H. Stahl teacher of the grammar department, the only vacancy in the corps. Mr. Stahl was superintendent of the schools last term.

Mrs. Charles Ricksecker has arrived from New York for a brief visit. She is accompanied by Miss Lelia Ricksecker, of this place, who has been visiting in New York.

Miss Vesta Brown, Mrs. C. Ricksecker, Harry Brown and Allen Donald are visiting in Sparta.

Eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certain cure for piles. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Lime For Sale.

Prepared to sow with wheat with fertilizer a drill inquire of J. S. Crow, Navarre.



## A CASE OF EXTRAVAGANCE.

YOU never cut off three-quarters of a new cake of soap and throw it away! Yet you pay twice the price of Ivory Soap for a cake of "tinted" toilet soap less than half as large. Your little cake of toilet soap costs you four times the price of Ivory, for it lasts only half as long and costs twice as much. No money can buy purer or better soap than Ivory. If it came in dainty paper, all scented and colored, you would pay fifteen cents for a very small cake of it.

## BLUE ON THE FOURTH.

Notes From a Soldier's Philip-  
pine Letter.

Miss Ida Clauss has received a number of letters from her brother, Louis Clauss who is serving in Battery O, Sixth Artillery, at Manila. In one of them Mr. Clauss says: "I am writing this letter out in Manila bay. We are on a big Japanese steamship loaded with coal for the government. Sixty Japanese are working on it. For dinner today we had soup, roast beef, fried chicken, boiled potatoes, beer, coffee, cake and pie, rice pudding, oranges and bananas, so you need not think we do not live well on the vessels we have to guard." In another letter he writes: "How did you all enjoy the Fourth of July at home? I suppose you had a grand old time. We had a blue time over here. In the morning the parade lasted from 7 to 11 o'clock, and you can imagine how we all felt when it was over. We are still in Fort Santiago, but have only a few prisoners of war. I think we will remain here until discharged."

## ABOUT THE RACES.

A List of the Speed Events at the  
Wheeling State Fair, September 9th  
to 13th Inclusive.

We wish to advise our readers of some facts connected with the regular racing programme for the twenty-first annual display by the West Virginia State Fair on the Wheeling Island grounds. The Fair and Exposition opens on Monday, September 9, and the racing starts the following day, there being fifteen events, for purses of from \$100 to \$400, and aggregating \$4,800. The programme in full reads:

**TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.**  
2:17 Pace \$400.00  
2:27 Pace 300.00  
2:40 Trot 300.00  
**WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11.**  
2:25 Trot \$400.00  
2:30 Pace 400.00  
2:22 Trot 400.00  
Run, 6 furlongs, heats 100.00  
**THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.**  
2:18 Trot \$400.00  
2:30 Pace 400.00  
2:12 Pace 400.00  
Mile Run (2 in 3) 100.00  
**FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.**  
2:28 Trot \$400.00  
2:24 Pace 300.00  
2:14 Trot 400.00  
Run, 6 furlongs, heat for beaten horses 100.00  
Entries close September 3, at 11 p. m.

In addition there will be special races by both day and night, the latter on a track brilliantly illuminated by electricity.

During the day there will be on exhibition an enhanced aggregation of Fair and Exposition exhibits, and a meritorious display of general outdoor attractions, previously unequaled upon these or any other grounds, great vaudeville acts in front of the grand stand, and a number of other attractions, while the best of music will be provided. The grounds will be open until 11 o'clock every evening.

## No After Effects.

In case of headache, neuralgia,  
etc., to be relieved speedily and  
surely, takeClinic  
Headache Wafers

the true heart tonic—the heart must be reached for relief. Easily taken and absolutely harmless. All druggists, 10 cts.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO.

TORONTO, ONT.

## Marquette, on Lake Superior.

is one of the most charming resorts reached by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

Its healthful location, beautiful scenery, good hotels and complete immunity from hay fever, make a summer outing at Marquette, Mich., very attractive from the standpoint of health, rest and comfort.

Through Pullman sleeping cars are run between Chicago and Marquette and excursion tickets sold at reduced rates via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

For a copy of "The Lake Superior Country," containing a description of Marquette and the copper country, address, with four (4) cents in stamps to pay postage, F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

In cases of cough or croup give the little one One Minute Cough Cure. Then rest easy and have no fear. The child will be all right in a little while. It never fails. Pleasant to take, always safe, sure and instantaneous in effect. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

## The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

## GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat (old)	66
Wheat (new)	66
Hay, per ton	8 00-10 00
Straw, per ton	\$6 00-7 00
Corn	55
Oats	32-35
Midlings, per 100 lbs	1 00
Clover Seed	5 00-6 00
Timothy Seed	1 50-2 00
Rye, per bu.	50
Barely	50
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	15-16

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel	1 00
Beets, doz bunches	25
Apples	50
Cabbage, doz	50
White beans	2 75

## BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter	16-18
Eggs (fresh)	14
Live Spring Chickens, apiece	20-25
Chickens, dressed, (old) per lb.	11

## MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	09
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	10-12

The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs.	95
Midlings per 100 lbs.	95

Don't be satisfied with temporary relief from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure permanently and completely removes this complaint. It relieves permanently because it allows the tired stomach perfect rest. Dieting won't rest the stomach. Nature receives supplies from the food we eat. The sensible way to help the stomach is to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which digests what you eat and can't help but do you good. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

## Iron and Copper and Where They are Found

Fully and interestingly described in the illustrated booklet containing large indexed map, plainly indicating the region in which this valuable ore is found, now ready for distribution by the Chicago & Northwestern R'y. Copy will be mailed to any address upon receipt of two-cent stamp by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

PUBLIC SALE  
OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, executor of the estate of John McIntosh, deceased, will offer at public sale the house at No. 294 West Tremont street, in the city of Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, on

Saturday, September 14, 1901,

at one o'clock, p. m. The house contains seven rooms, with all modern conveniences, with slate roof, elctern and city water, cellar basement, and is an elegant home lot, 60x100. Possession given at once.

TERMS—One half cash on day of sale, and one half on or before September 14, 1901, with interest from day of sale, and secured by mortgage on the premises sold. Appraised at \$2,000.

JOHN J. WELLEN,  
Executor of the estate of John McIntosh, deceased.  
Massillon, O., August 4, 1901.



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

## Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Mollie Masters returned Monday evening from a week's visit with relatives in Youngstown.

Mrs. H. F. Wilson and Miss Inez Williams, of Jewett, are guests at the residence of the Rev. and Mrs. J. I. Wilson.

Christian Gfeller and Mrs. Louisa Young, of this city, were married by Squire Reigner, at Canton, on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Baldwin have returned from Waukegan, Mich., where they have been spending the past three weeks.

Mrs. Charles Mong left on Tuesday for Erie, Pa., where she will join Mr. Mong. They will take up their residence at that place.

A shoe and clothing company of Zanesville has leased quarters in the opera house block, and will shortly open a store therein.

Sylvester Burd has purchased from Henry Vogt a brick building in Front street. He says he will remodel it into a first-class dwelling.

Mrs. Louis Schaefer, of Belleville, O., and Dr. Volney Cheney, of Chicago, are guests at the residence of Mrs. L. Zeller, in East South street.

Miss Bess Orr and Miss Edna Farrell, of Altoona, Pa., arrived in the city yesterday for a visit with their uncle, J. A. Farrell, in Henry street.

The West Brookfield base ball team played the West Lebanon team at the latter place on Saturday. The score was 38 to 2 in favor of West Lebanon.

More than \$100 was cleared by the ladies of St. Mary's Catholic church, who gave a festival on the church lawn last evening. The Harmonia band made music.

J. M. Mobley, of Minneapolis, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Mobley, of Columbus, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Krider. Both are well known business men.

A state hospital patient named Tyson ran away from the institution Sunday. He was found at his former home, near Dalton, and was returned to the hospital Monday.

Lieutenant Henry Zugelmeyer, of the United States battleship Indiana, with Mrs. Zugelmeyer, are visiting with the former's uncle, E. J. Wernet, in East Cherry street.

Miss Nellie Jones, of Cardiff, Wales, who accompanied her brother, David Jones, when he returned to this country recently, will make her home with the latter permanently.

Mrs. William Halter was surprised by the Jackson township Euchre club last Friday evening at her home north of the city in honor of her birthday anniversary. Forty guests were present.

Each of the small boys arraigned before Actor Mayor Sibila on a charge of stealing N. E. Moles' ice cream, was fined the costs and warned against a repetition of the offense Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Snively, who have been spending the summer with Mr. Snively's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Christain Snively, in Front street, left on Tuesday for their home in Westerville.

The United States Telephone Company has completed two lines between this city and Cleveland, and a third is now being constructed. Another line to Canal Fulton is being built. The Richville line is nearing completion.

Mrs. Charles Ohidester, residing in Henry street, made a misstep in stepping from a chair, at her home on Sunday afternoon, and was thrown violently to the floor. Among other injuries, several ligaments in her left ankle were severed.

A party of Massillonians dined at the Lucas Inn, Mt. Eaton, on Tuesday. It included Mrs. J. C. Pepper, Miss Viola Pepper and their guest, Miss Harriet Robinson, of Indianapolis; Miss Ada Metz, Miss Elizabeth Roger, and Mrs. Ella O. Shomaker.

David Morganstern and Miss Katherine Becher were married by the Rev. J. E. Digel at St. John's parsonage, at 6:30 o'clock on Saturday evening. They will reside in Washington avenue, west of the city. Mrs. Morganstern arrived from Germany two weeks ago.

A farewell banquet in honor of James Hamilton, Jr., who leaves shortly for Orrville, where he will reside, was given by the C. X. I. V. club of the Presbyterian church, at the residence of the Rev. J. F. Cloney, Tuesday evening. Fifteen young men were present.

Miss Jennie Lonas and Benjamin F. Whitmer were married at the parsonage of the Tuscarawas township Reformed church, Sunday morning, by the Rev. W. S. Adams. They left Monday for Buffalo. Mr. and Mrs. Whitmer will reside in Tuscarawas township. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Henry J. Lonas.

Probably the first social function to take place in the Masonic temple after the completion of the improvements, now in progress, will be the banquet

in honor of the base ball teams of the Massillon and Canton lodges. The trophy, which the game made Massillon Masons' for one year more, will form a part of the table center-piece.

The Rev. and Mrs. Cassius M. Roberts will return to the city on Thursday evening, after an absence of two months. Services at St. Timothy's church will, accordingly, be resumed next Sunday. The Rev. Mr. Roberts, who was compelled by the advice of his physician to take a longer vacation than usual this year, writes that he is completely restored to health. He and Mrs. Roberts spent the summer on the Atlantic coast.

The Independent Order of the Red Cross of Ohio, will hold a union picnic Sunday, September 1st, at the Boston Ledges, between Akron and Cleveland. Everybody is cordially invited to join the Diamond Commandery No. 3 of the I. O. Red Cross, of Massillon, to participate. The car will leave Massillon Sunday morning at 7:30 from the square. Full information can be had by calling on George Gross, 83 West Main street.

Mrs. Anna Page, of Toledo, has commenced proceedings in the Lucas county common pleas court against the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company, claiming \$10,000 damages for injuries received. Mrs. Page was driving with her son-in-law, Thomas H. Morrow, when their buggy was struck. Morrow was instantly killed, and Mrs. Page was severely injured. Damages are asked upon three grounds: First, that the watchman at the crossing was incompetent; second, that the train was running faster than ten miles an hour, in violation of a city ordinance; third, that there were no gates at the crossing.

## THE LAST RITES.

## Funeral Services of Joseph S. Reed Largely Attended.

The members of Hart Post, G. A. R., members of the glassblowers union and employees of Reed & Company's glass works, attended the funeral services of the late Joseph S. Reed at the residence 6 East Oak street, in a body at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon. Other friends of the deceased were also present in large numbers. The services were conducted by the Rev. J. F. Cloney, assisted by the Rev. J. I. Wilson, the choir of the Presbyterian church furnishing the music. The floral designs were numerous and beautiful. The pall bearers were James Grant, Joseph Grapevine, and John Holston, of the glass workers, and William Brown, J. C. Hissong and Fred Koontz, of the G. A. R.

## OBITUARY.

## JOHN B. YETZER.

It is just a year ago that John B. Yetzer, who died at 9:45 o'clock Tuesday night, was first taken ill with Bright's disease. Previously he had been apparently the strongest of men, being tall and powerfully built. At times during the past year he had been able to get about with assistance. Mr. Yetzer was 28 years old, and conducted a grocery in North Erie street. He leaves a wife. His marriage took place six years ago. Mrs. Yetzer is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Peters, of Newmar.

Mr. Yetzer was a native of Massillon. He was a member of Branch No. 4, C. M. B. A., the Knights of St. John and the Massillon Retail Grocers' Association. His home is in Short East street. Funeral services will be held at St. Mary's Catholic church at 8:30 o'clock Friday morning.

MRS. ELIZABETH BULLOCK. Mrs. Elizabeth Bullock, aged 65 years, died at the home of her son, John Bullock, at 191 North street, Monday evening, after an illness of nearly a year. Funeral services will be held at the North street residence at 1:30 o'clock and at St. John's Evangelical church at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Bullock is survived by John, George and Edward Bullock, and Mrs. Martin Limbach, of this city; Jacob Bullock, of Painesville, and Mrs. Lizzie Seldeheimer and Mrs. Henry Streiber, of Canton.

## MARIE HOUK.

Marie Houk, the 11-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Houk, who reside in Cliff street, died on Sunday afternoon.

## JOHN SWISHER.

Stanwood, Aug. 28.—John Swisher, an aged resident of this vicinity, died Tuesday morning. The funeral will take place on Thursday.

## Every Successful Man

Of today can trace his success to the habit of saving. If you only make \$5 per week you should make up your mind that you must save \$1 of it. If you once get in the habit of saving you will find it a pleasure to see your bank account growing and to see your money earning interest at 4 per cent. Send for our booklet, all about banking by mail or in person—free. PRUDENTIAL TRUST COMPANY, 6121 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

James White, Bryantville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered 6 years. Doctors failed to help him. Got DeWitt's. Accept no imitation. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

## NEARBYTOWN NEWS

## Family Reunions Past and to Come.

## MANY EXPOSITION VISITORS.

## All the Small Towns in This Vicinity are Sending Sight-seers to Buffalo—Latest News From Bentley, Genoa, North Lawrence and Other Places.

North Lawrence, Aug. 28.—Mrs. Henry Mullin, who has been spending the last three months in Ireland, visiting her mother there, returned home on Tuesday.

The dance held in the rink, by the Ideal orchestra, was largely attended. Oliver Farmer and Johnson Brothers will erect new tile business buildings in the near future.

Mrs. J. P. Jones is on the sick list.

The funeral of Leo Gutschwiler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gutschwiler, who died on Friday, August 23, was held on Monday morning. Interment was made in the Canal Fulton cemetery.

Mrs. Gutschwiler and children, of Cincinnati, are visiting Mrs. Michael Kanary.

The ball game on Saturday between the Minglewoods of this place and New Berlin, resulted in a score of 8 to 4 in favor of Minglewoods.

Mrs. Richard Richards is on the sick list.

## GREEN OAK JOTTINGS.

Green Oak, Aug. 28.—The ground for wheat is rapidly being plowed as the recent rains have made it very mellow.

Mrs. Bell Wynn and O. S. Singhass are slowly improving, after a long illness.

John Gochmayer, of North Lawrence, a former resident of this place, met with a serious accident at that place last Friday. His team ran away. Mr. Gochmayer jumped from the wagon and the jar broke his leg.

Miss Ruth Bell, of Nebraska, was the guest of Miss Zaida Arnold a few days last week.

The Arnold reunion will be held in Summit county, the McDowell reunion at McQuaid, the Stinson-McElheaney reunion at Dalton, and the Shultz and Echard reunion at Sugar Grove.

Henry Danner, of Nebraska, has returned to this place, which he will make his future home.

Daniel Lawrence has been appointed as instructor of our school for this coming term.

Joseph McElheaney and family, of Nebraska, who have come east to attend the Stinson and McElheaney reunion, are visiting friends here.

John Davidson, of Kentucky, stopped here a few days this week, enroute to the Buffalo exposition.

## NOTES FROM BENTLEY.

Bentley, Aug. 28.—People are preparing for the annual picnic and assembly to be held on the Crystal Springs picnic grounds this week.

Farmers are getting their wheat ground ready. The recent rains have made plowing much easier.

Mines are beginning to work much better, with prospects for steady work all winter.

A new roof is being put on the Tabernacle at the picnic grounds.

Farmers who have finished their threshing find oats and wheat both very poor crops. This with a half corn crop and no potatoes barely gives him a living for this year.

P. D. Wampler and wife, of Massillon, visited at the old homestead yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arlen Minger are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. George Snively spent Sunday visiting in Pleasant Valley.

Thomas Baughman and family were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fiscus on Sunday.

## GENOA NOTES

Genoa, Aug. 28.—The farmers are

busy plowing for wheat since the rain. The peaches are very small on account of dry weather, but since the rain they have been growing some larger.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Grant Brothers, a daughter.

Rachel Foltz has been on the sick list.

Mrs. Brooks, of Genoa, is very ill at this writing.

## CRYSTAL SPRING.

Crystal Spring, Aug. 28.—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas James, a daughter.

Joseph Hoopman returned from the Pan-American last week, much pleased with his trip.

Charles Bremkamp is visiting in Toledo.

Mrs. Dora Young and children have returned to their home in Chicago, after spending a few months here.

Aug. Krushinsky and Fred Molson left Sunday for Detroit and Buffalo.

Miss Maud Morrison has returned to her home in Canal Fulton, accompanied by her two little cousins, Ruby and Gertrude Crookston.

A number of young people from this place spent Sunday at Turkeyfoot lake.

Miss Alice Inman has left for her home in Akron.

Miss Mayme Sharp spent several days last week with relatives in Fredericktown.

## NEWMAN NOTES.

Newman, Aug. 27.—Mrs. John Pollock and daughter Alice visited Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Findley last Wednesday afternoon.

T. E. Masters left Sunday morning for Buffalo, the Pan-American exposition and Scranton, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. August Peters attended the farmers picnic at Myer's lake last Wednesday.

The invitation for the public to meet at the county infirmary last Saturday failed to attract any of our citizens notwithstanding the liberality of the free dinner.

George Lister is now fully equipped with all the paraphernalia as a salesman for the Canton Wholesale Action Company.

Don't forget the Sunday school convention to be held in our local church next Sunday afternoon and evening. Everybody come.

Miss Rebecca Porter of Canal Fulton, visited her old friend Mrs. Sarah P. Baughman part of this week at the Williamson home.

Miss Clara Baughman spent Sunday with friends at Cleveland.

William J. Ralston, who is making life a success at Cleveland, spent several days the past week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ralston.

Mr. and Mrs. William Findley, Mrs. Jennie Reese and sons Charless and Joseph, of this place, and Edward R. Davis, of Massillon, are taking in the sights of at the Pan-American and Niagara Falls this week.

## CAMPCREEK ITEMS.

Campcreek, Aug. 27.—Frank Whitmore and family left for Buffalo Monday morning.

The church services held at Cross Roads last Sunday were largely attended. The Rev. Mr. Berry officiated.

James Penman and M. E. Ott and Miss Eva Ott were the guests of Miss Hattie Poorman last Sunday.

The marriage of Benjamin F. Whitmore and Miss Jennie Lonas took place last Sunday morning.

A union picnic will be held at the Crystal Spring Tabernacle next Saturday, August 31.

Michael Warstler is on the sick list this week.

The Rev. Mr. Berry spent Sunday afternoon at the J. C. Keller's residence.

## ELTON ITEMS.

Elton, Aug. 28.—Miss Marie Harold is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. S. D. Baughman.

Mrs. Myrtal Kaufman, nee Shorb, will move this week to her husband's home, near Dalton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Jones, of Rochester, Pa., have returned home, after a week's visit with the Beck families.

Mr. Kurtz, of Marshallville, was the guest of Ben P. Baughman this week.

Miss Lesta Oplinger, of Massillon, spent a few days with her parents this week.

A very fruitful meeting at the Mc-

Farren's church closed Tuesday night. Evangelist English has returned to his home.

The Baughman family attended the Smith reunion at Nimisila park in Canton, last Wednesday.

Messrs. King and Hochstetler, of Dundee, have been cutting trees in this neighborhood for an eastern man, the logs being shipped to Pennsylvania.

A cousin of R. W. Klingel was the latter's guest last week, having accompanied the body of an uncle, William Eckert, who was buried at Welty's.

An Italian has rented the property of John Evrit, and is making it ready for his wife, who is to arrive from Italy.

Father Hollinger gladdened the hearts of his old friends by his attendance at the meeting.

The Misses Warner, of Bellaire, were the guests of H. R. Warner, last week.

## SIXTEEN NEWS.

Sixteen, Aug. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baughman, of Elton, visited Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fiscus on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arlan Minger, of Barberton, are visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Oberlin and family attended the Dague reunion, held at Dalton on Thursday, Aug. 22.

Lewis Berg and family spent Sunday at Henry Erb's residence.

Mrs. George McGill is on the sick list.

Lyva Yost, of near Burton City, spent Sunday at this place.

## STANDWOOD AFFAIRS.

Stanwood, Aug. 28.—Henry Baird has returned from a visit to the Pan-American at Buffalo.

The mines have been working well during the past month.

Many residents of Stanwood will attend the Sunday school convention at Crystal Springs this week.

The members of the Stanwood band will hold a festival on Saturday evening, August 31. The Wilmot band will be present. Everybody is invited.

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for free catarrh book.

## An Old Pastor.



Rev. James Poindexter, Columbus, O.

No man in the capital city of the State of Ohio is better known than the Rev. James Poindexter. For many years he has been the successful pastor of the Second Baptist Church of that city. Every day his venerable figure and kindly face may be seen on the streets of the city where he has labored for so many years. What a history of benevolence and self-sacrifice might be written by simply giving the details of the every-day life of this faithful pastor and eloquent preacher.

But old age comes to the best of men. The rheumatics peculiar to advanced age had already begun its insidious ravages when it became necessary to find a remedy, if possible, that his days of usefulness might not be shortened.

An efficient nerve tonic that would stimulate the circulation, improve the digestion, and increase the tone and vigor of his whole system, was needed. The only remedy capable of meeting all these indications was found to be Peruna. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, he states:

"My attention was called some time ago to your medicine for rheumatic troubles by Mr. Cook, an old reliable druggist of this city, and take pleasure in saying that I have tried them and found them good. It is my opinion that the remedy, Peruna, is justly entitled to the fame which it has throughout the United States."

Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for free catarrh book.

## NOW is the time to buy

We have a lot of Screen Doors, Window Screens, Ice Cream Freezers, Lawn Mowers, Sweat Pads, Dusters and other summer goods which we have no room to store away but must sell regardless of cost.

Screen Doors which sold at \$1.50, now.....\$1.25  
Window Screens which sold at 30c, now..... 23  
Ice Cream Freezers which sold at \$2.50, now..... 1.85  
Sweat Pads which sold at 35c, now..... .25  
Dusters which sold at 40c to \$1.00, now 25c to 75c.

Also a complete line of Hardware, Builders' Supplies, Oils, Varnishes, House Paints, Roof Paints, Barn Paints and Carriage Paints, Aluminum and Gold Paints, Bath Tub, Sink, Iron Bedstead and Stove Pipe Enamels, Stove Pipe and Heating Stoves, Fruit Pickers, Apple Parers, Plows, Plow Points and Steel Harrows. We are agents for the Celebrated Deshler self-sharpening Plow Points which will outlast three ordinary points, and sell at the same price as common points.

We carry a complete line of Miners' Supplies, also Klondike and Ham's No. 0, 1 and 2 Lanterns and Globes. Also all kinds of Pumps, Pump Chain, Rubber Buckets and Tubing of all sizes.

## C. W. Schworm,

Massillon Independent Phone 682.

56 W. MAIN ST., MASSILLON, OHIO.

## Neal's New Flouring Mill

## IS ABOUT COMPLETED

And he cordially invites all his old customers and as many new ones as wish to derive the benefits obtained by his greatly improved machinery, to call and see him in his new quarters. He is prepared to buy your wheat, for which he will pay the highest market price.

September 1 he will be ready to exchange Flour, Middlings and Ground Feed for wheat. He intends to maintain his reputation for high grade products, and solicits your patronage.

## M. NEAL,

Proprietor Massillon City Flouring Mills.

## Attend The Massillon Actual Business College.

The very best and quickest preparation a young man or woman can make to get a start in life.

Fall Term commences Tuesday and Wednesday, September 3rd and 4th, 1901. New class in all Departments will be arranged on the above named dates.



Get the Education First and

## GREGG SHORTHAND

Owing to a demand for a shorter and more easily learned system than the Cross Eclectic, we have decided to introduce the Gregg Light Line System. Send for handsome booklet showing 83 half tone cuts of faculty and recent graduates. We teach six different courses. The Bixler Business College at Wooster is under our management. Our facilities and equipment for teaching are not surpassed by any school in the state.

For further particulars address

## G. G. Yocum,

SECY and MGR.  
MASSILLON, OHIO.



The Position will follow.





Social functions will substitute Johnny cake for angel's food this season.

There will be no corn for export this year. Every bushel will be needed for home consumption.

It is estimated that this country will have 375,000,000 bushels of wheat to spare this year for hungry folk in foreign countries.

Reports come to us of the comb in the beehives being melted down by the extreme heat of July when the hives were in specially exposed places.

We note that recently 1½ bushels of wheat have been given for one bushel of corn in Kansas. This is a poor trade for the man who got the corn.

The state of New York will have not more than 15 per cent of an average crop of apples this year. Few if any other growing sections will do any better.

The condition of the egg business during the heated term of July was simply horrible. A man never knew until he opened a case whether he had eggs or chickens.

It is expected that potatoes will be served as a dessert this year and will rank with soft shelled crabs, porterhouse steak and terrapin as a high priced delicacy on bills of fare.

The same day that the lard or Poland-China hog of the corn belt sold for \$6.25 his clover, the bacon hog, the product of clover, barley, peas and roots, was worth \$7.35 per hundred-weight.

We have put in a fall garden this week—the first of August—sowed radishes, turnips, onions, and planted string beans and cucumbers. Will report later on. Drought used up early planted gardens with us.

Nothing save an up to date camera could faithfully portray the expression on the faces of some old fellows whom we know when corn jumped to 50 cents and when with two or three years' crops of old corn on hand.

Breed is not everything, as is evidenced by the fact that a carload of fatted Arkansas razorback hogs sold in Chicago the last week in July at \$5.80 per hundredweight. Whether the feeder flushed them at a profit is not known.

The shortest crop of potatoes for years is in sight for the coming year. From a common, everyday necessity the tuber will become a luxury, and for the first time we are likely to realize what an important element in the food of the common people the potato has been.

Foreigners will demand more of our breadstuffs the coming season than for many years, and America has the food with which to supply them, the crop of wheat in this country this year being the largest ever produced. Any nation has a graft when the whole world comes to it for bread to eat.

We note that the manager of a farmers' co-operative elevator has gone wrong by dabbling in board of trade options, losing all his own money and a lot of his company money also. The temptation for men in such positions to take a tier on some cereal is very great, and they need not only to be securely bonded, but also watched.

Nature has been very generous with the North Dakota and Manitoba country this year, and the farmers there are now harvesting one of the finest crops of No. 1 hard wheat they ever raised. The price is likely to be good also. Our northern neighbors are justly entitled to this year of plenty and prosperity, for last year was a very lean one.

The dairymen will concede to Professor Koch of Berlin, the eminent bacteriologist, the title of "Koch of the walk" as a result of his recent announcement that tuberculosis cannot be transmitted from the cow to the human being through the medium of the milk. This theory, it sustained, will remove a great incubus from the dairy interests of the country.

It is by no means an extravagance to say that not less than an average of 40 horses perished from the heat in every county in the settled north and west during the heated period of July. They perished on dry and wagon, on harvester and mower, by the score, their owners and drivers forgetting that a man can endure excessive heat far better than a horse.

A friend brings us in a large ear of corn, or, rather, cob, having only a scattered dozen or so kernels set irregularly upon it and wants to know what is the trouble with it. It is a lack of pollination, the extreme heat during July without doubt having killed the tassels or stamens of the corn flower to such an extent in the field that there was not pollen enough produced to fertilize the field. There will be found much such corn this year.

Nothing is all wrong, not even our seeming calamities. The best crops of winter wheat are where the corn has been hurt the worst, late planted corn was benefited rather than hurt by the extreme heat of July, droughty conditions always promote soil fertility, which is shown in succeeding crops, and increased prices for farm products often offset any shortage of crop. Look on the bright side and let your neighbors do the whining.

There is much corn all over the corn belt this year which was so injured by the impenetrable heat of July that but a scant crop of ears will be produced even though the stalks remain fresh and green. Such corn has special value as fodder and will, if allowed to remain growing just as long as possible, store up in the stalks some of the nutritive elements which would have gone to form the perfected ear. So do not cut this sort of corn too early. Of course, if the field is fired the sooner it is cut the better.

The partial failure of crops through the west this season brings up the old question of the respective merits of share and cash rent. The tenant renting land for cash and with an ear of 25 bushels per acre, and a cut cornfield, is in a hard fix, and without exception such wish they had their farms on a share rent plan. On the other hand, the good crops of 1899 and 1900 gave the cash renter the advantage over the share renter. Taking this subject of farm tenancy as a whole, we believe that the share rent system is the best for all parties. We would neither let a farm nor hire one on any other plan.

Poets take a good deal of license. For instance, Wordsworth, perhaps more than any other poet an exponent of nature, in his poem "A Sparrow's Nest" says this:

Behold, within the leafy shade  
The bright blue eggs together laid!

Now, it is, of course, unfeeling to criticize such a great man's work and ridicule such a pretty sentiment, but the bare facts are that sparrows rarely ever build their nests in any leafy shade and never under any circumstances lay bright blue eggs, their eggs being a dirty mottled drab. It is evident that the poet's muse had no regard whatever for ornithological facts.

In spite of all the veneer of civilization, upon the possession of which the American people are wont to pride themselves, they are a nation of born gamblers from the ground up. The dollar to be honestly earned is not in it with the dollar to be won on some game of chance, the difference being the Digger Indian shuffling a poker deal in Wyoming and the Hon. Mr. Johnson with plug hat, diamonds and an aristocratic church membership, dealing in options and betting on a horse race being one simply of environment. Sambo playing craps in a back alley and the sisters of the church raffling off a church crazy quilt are all in the same box—born gamblers each.

#### AS TO CUBAN FARM LANDS.

We are asked to state whether investments in farm lands in the island of Cuba would be a desirable proposition. We have never been to the island and cannot therefore give specific information. In a general way we should say that until Cuba became an integral part of the Union there would be more or less risk, probably more, in buying real estate there. As an independent community like Santo Domingo or Haiti, insurrectionists are sure to follow each other in regular succession; there will be little stability and perennial riot and disturbance; the island is sure to run in debt to the limit and taxation may approach confiscation; titles to real estate are without doubt very badly involved, and much of the soil is of no value for agricultural purposes. If fertile land bearing an unquestioned title can be cheaply bought, it may prove to be a good investment, but no man living on a western farm is in a position to handle such a deal. He had far better buy land near home, which he can get at and knows all about, even at the high prices now asked.

#### DROUGHT WON'T KILL THEM.

One of our noted agricultural scientists states that a protracted drought kills off many kinds of noxious weeds. Here is another instance where theory gets knocked into a cocked hat by the actual facts in the case. All weeds, being indigenous to the country where they grow, endure adverse conditions far better than any of the plants which are cultivated as crops. We notice that none of the so called weeds has been exterminated as a result of the savage drought which fell upon the Mississippi valley during July of this year. While it dwarfed their growth to some extent, there is not a mother's son of them but will make a good crop of seed for next year. The squirrel tailed grass, one of the very worst weed pests of the west, and purslane just reared in the heat and aridity, while burdocks, pigeon grass, morning glory, wild buckwheat, sorrel, mustard, cocklebur and many others have made a good crop of seed on short straw. The fact is a man can learn more of what is so by using his eyes in the fields than he can by studying science out of textbooks.

#### THE FERTILITY OF CORN.

We are asked to say something about the fertilization of the corn plant, the drought and hot winds which prevailed over the corn belt during July just as the corn was tasseling having awakened much interest in this subject. Every one who grows corn will have noticed the development of the tassel and the bunch of silky threads protruding from the tip of the future ear of corn. In plant lore the tassel is the stamens and the silk the pistils. If the tassel is watched as it develops, it will be seen to bloom and will become loaded with a pendent blossom, which carries a burden of pollen or yellow dust, the condition of bloom and pollen shedding lasting for a day or two. The winds shake this pollen down and it falls upon the open and receptive silks, each of these silks being connected with an embryo kernel of corn on the ear, and here we have to halt, for it is not given to man to explain or even understand the mysterious process whereby the touch of the pollen upon the tip of the silk gives life and vitality to the embryo germ eight inches below in the husk. Nature is exceedingly prodigal in all her efforts at reproduction, and so there is vastly more pollen produced upon a field of corn than is needed for the work of fertilization, so much more that experiments have shown that fully one-half of the corn in a field may be detasseled and still insure the perfect fertilization of the crop, with the somewhat curious result that better ears of corn will grow upon the detasseled hills than upon those not so treated, the reason being that the vitality of the plant used up in the production of the pollen is thereby diverted to the development of the ear. A temperature of 105 in the shade, especially if accompanied by a hot wind from the south, is fatal to this act of fertilization, as above described, such conditions blighting the bloom and rendering the production of pollen impossible. It was this condition of things which destroyed the corn crop in 1894, the corn remaining green and thrifty until fall, but hardly an ear fertilized. The same condition to a less extent has hurt the cornfields this year, and while the stalks remain vigorous and thrifty, it will be found that fertilization has been very imperfectly done and many large cobs will be found at husking time with only a few scattered kernels upon them. For the above reason corn late planted and which was not in tassel at the time of the severest heat will be found to yield much better than that planted earlier.

#### A LOT OF WATER.

After a drought of almost unprecedented length and severity there fell in the state of Iowa on the night of the 27th of July an average of 1½ inches of rain. It is interesting to do a little figure work on this thing. It meant 170 tons of water deposited on each acre of land, 27,000 tons on each quarter section farm, 108,800 tons on each section and the enormous aggregate of 6,083,680,000 tons for the whole state. Probably every drop of this water came from the gulf of Mexico, evaporated from the waters of the gulf, blown landward and northward up the great trough of the Mississippi valley and, coming in contact with cold air currents of the upper atmosphere, the vapor so collected was precipitated in such measure that all the people returned thanks for the coming of the blessed rain. Man's attempts at irrigation seem very puny and futile indeed when compared to the magnificent scale upon which the Creator irrigates the thirsty earth.

#### A DESERT SUN.

It was a desert sun which shone on all the west during July, drying up the streams, withering the corn and prematurely ripening the grain—the same sun which beats down on Sahara and the waste places of Arabia—red in the morning, a fiery furnace all day, and a bloody ball as it sank behind the western horizon—suggestive of camels, caravans, a desert, oases, a palm grove and wells under their shade, drifting sands, simoons and death by thirst—an abnormal touch of the horrible in temperature, to combat which man was more powerless than he is to battle with a temperature of 40 below zero. That awful ten degrees of heat between 95 and 105 will never be forgotten by those who endured it.

#### "BOBWHITE."

Clear and musical comes the call in the early morning over thickly shocked grainfields, meadows bathed in a mist and luxuriant corn as we go out at sunrise. Bobwhite says the harvest day has begun. At noon comes the cheery call again from bob perched on a fencepost at the corner of the orchard. Again at evening as the cows come home bobwhite comes stealing up from the back 80, the same old call with which is associated memories of happy boyhood days on the old farm so long ago. As the sun goes down, red as blood in the west, bob's last call comes, "Bobwhite, good night." Take care of bob, for he is one of your best friends.

#### NORTH SLOPES.

We have never before been able to so clearly note the advantage of a north slope for orchard, garden, pasture or growing crops as during the heated term of the past month of July. Wherever crops of any kind had the advantage of this sort of a location they almost entirely escaped damage from the excessive heat and the hot south winds. In a field of oats the crop was more than double on the north slope of the field, apples were not taken on the trees and corn was unharmed.

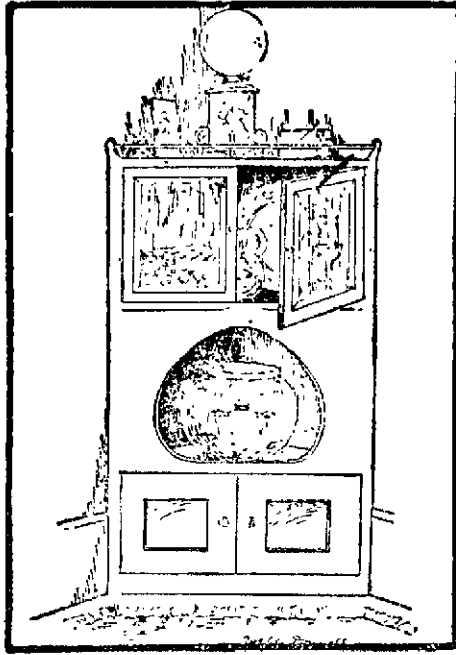
*J. S. Trigg*

#### CLEVER CORNERS.

FURNITURE THAT FITS ITS PLACE AND GIVES UNIQUE EFFECTS.

Cabinets For Lamps and Other Articles—What Woods Are Appropriate—A Picturesque Brick Fireplace With Side Seats.

One may have good success in arranging the furnishings of a room until the corners are reached; then arises perplexity. Ready to hand furniture evidently was not designed to go in corners of rooms, so if one is to have anything to fit artistically into them it must of necessity be made to fit the

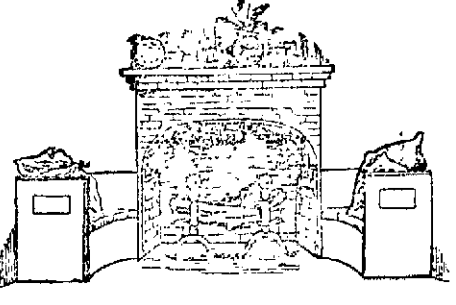


A CORNER CABINET.

place. Suggestions along this line with the accompanying drawings are made by a writer in The Household. One sketch, the corner fireplace, with side seats, presupposes a house in process of construction. The other can be fitted to corners in houses already occupied.

Corner devices are arranged for the attractive display of pretty ornaments, a lamp, a jardiniere or other article. The one illustrated has a gracefully turned opening into which is set a glass globe of goldfish. Another has a closet whose hinged door is a framed picture, a unique device that is out of the common. The curtained space below this can be utilized for books or for other purposes, as desired.

A design for a corner writing desk combines the practical with the artistic. A hinged "leaf" is supported by side strips of brass that slide up behind the board front when the desk is closed. There is space below for a closet and small, triangular closets above, with an open space, letter shelves and a small drawer near at



A CORNER FIREPLACE AND SEATS.

hand. Within an oval opening at the top there is an excellent chance to display a handsome statuette or other ornament.

These corner furnishings can be built and set up within a room by any skillful carpenter or cabinet maker. To fit them evenly into a corner it will be necessary to cut the baseboards at a proper level, removing the corner pieces. Then the affair will fit snugly up against the walls and appear to have grown there.

If the woodwork of the room is painted, these corner devices may be made of pine or white wood and painted to match the other woodwork or they may be treated as articles of furniture merely and so be made of some handsome wood, such as oak, cherry or redwood, and left in their natural color. This latter treatment is especially desirable in a corner device that does not extend from floor to ceiling.

The corner fireplace design requires a chimney built at the intersection of three or, it may be, four rooms. The brickwork extends out into the walls much farther than appears in the cut, the brickwork being smoothly plastered over and the wall paper being brought to the edge of the fireplace, as shown. It may be necessary in a house where space is circumscribed to cut off some of the corner space above the mantel to secure accommodations for the flue. The woodwork of the seats should be made to follow the style of the woodwork of the room. If this be a library and has much oak furniture, the seats may well be made of oak, the ends and the curved front being of the quartered variety.

#### Fashions and Fancies.

Very trim are the soft fancy hats with crowns knocked in, another variety of the smart shirt waist hat so popular.

Ultra fashionable people are certainly adopting low hair dressing in the evening.

Down her back long floating auburn curls, The least of which set ten poets raving, Is likely to repeat itself, and we may expect the return of the catogan and the one or two curls on the shoulder.

Tulle twisted round the head and tied in a dainty bow set well forward in front is one of the fancies.

Soft, frilled capes of chiffon look charming.

The printed flowered muslins are fascinating this season. They come in pretty, graceful designs and soft colorings, and they are quaintly trimmed with little old fashioned ruffles corded at the top and edged with lace.

A Brooklyn woman keeps a school of bird music in which she teaches our trained canaries to sing.

#### The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with line half-ton engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Chester's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1800. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 50 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

#### Reduced Rates to California, Queen & Crescent.

Special reduced rates to California, Queen & Crescent route. Great opportunity to visit the Pacific coast. Quick schedules and excellent train service. Ask Queen & Crescent ticket agents or address W. C. Rinearsen, G. P. A., Cincinnati, for particulars.

#### The Correct Population of Cities and Towns in the Northwest.

Located along the line of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, is shown in a booklet just issued by that Company. Copy may be obtained by sending stamp to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

#### Pennsylvania College for W. men

East End, Pittsburg, Pa.  
32nd year begins Sept. 17th, 1901. Thorough College Course. Curriculum equal to the best Preparatory Course. Music Art. Situation combines beauty and space of country with city advantages. Gymnasium, tennis, golf. For information address Rev. Chalmers Martin, D. D., President.

## ESTERBROOK'S PENS

THE BEST MADE. ALL STATIONERS SELL THEM.  
THE ESTERBROOK STEEL PEN CO.  
25 John St., New York.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News  
Now is the time to subscribe,

## TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time

#### Change in Time of Trains on Pennsylvania Lines.

Under the new schedule in effect, May 26, trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Massillon.

For the East—2:12, 4:39, 8:05 a. m.; 1:12, 4:26, 7:55, 10:22 p. m.

For the West—4:12, 8:25, 10:00, 10:10 a. m.; 3:42, 9:53 p. m.

For particular information on the subject apply to J. A. Shoemaker, Agent.

#### BEFORE YOU GO

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo

consult a passenger or ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines about low fares and convenient through time over that route. Recent changes in return privileges, etc., will interest all persons contemplating trips to Chautauqua Lake, the Pan-American, Niagara Falls and resorts in Canada. Ask the nearest Pennsylvania Lines agent for particulars. J. A. Shoemaker, ticket agent, Massillon, O.

#### Ohio State Fair Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

August 26 to September 6th inclusive. Excursion tickets to Columbus will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines for the State Fair. See Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents.

#### Excursions to Canton via Pennsylvania Lines

Sept. 2 to 6 inclusive, excursion tickets to Canton will be sold, account Stark County Fair, from Salem, Wooster and intermediate points; valid to return until Sept. 7.

#### LONGER TIME AT BUFFALO

Return Limit Extended on Pan-American Excursion Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines.

The return limit on excursion tickets to Buffalo over the Pennsylvania Lines for the Pan-American Exposition will be as follows: On tickets sold at one cent per mile for Tuesday coach excursions, the return limit will include trains leaving Buffalo not later than one o'clock a. m., central time, of the Monday immediately following the date of sale, making the limit on such tickets practically six days for the round trip. The limit on ten day excursion tickets sold at one fare plus one dollar will be fifteen days, and the limit on fifteen day tickets sold at one and one-third fare will be twenty days. These extensions will be effective on and after August 20th. For information about specific fares, through time, etc., consult nearest ticket agent on Pennsylvania Lines.

Half the bills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.



Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

	5:27	5:58	6:28	6:54
Southbound.				
CLEVELAND.....lv	5:27	5:58	6:28	6:54
Hudson.....	5:30	6:01	6:31	6:57
AKRON.....	5:35	6:06	6:36	7:02
Barberton.....	5:40	6:11	6:41	7:07
OREVILLE.....	5:45	6:16	6:46	7:12
Millsburg.....	5:50	6:21	6:51	7:17
MT. VERNON.....	5:55	6:26	6:56	7:22
COLUMBUS.....ar	6:00	6:31	7:01	7:27
	5:27	5:58	6:28	6:54
Northbound.				
COLUMBUS.....lv	5:27	5:58	6:28	6:54
Millsburg.....	5:30	6:01	6:31	6:57
OREVILLE.....	5:35	6:06	6:36	7:02
Barberton.....	5:40	6:11	6:41	7:07
AKRON.....	5:45	6:16	6:46	7:12
Hudson.....	5:50	6:21	6:51	7:17
CLEVELAND.....ar	5:55	6:26	6:56	7:22

Train for Warsaw, Trumbull, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Massillon, 11:12 a. m. week days.  
\*Every day \*Week days only.  
E. A. ROAD Gen. Pass. Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.



#### WHITE STAR LINE

**TOLEDO To DETROIT St. Clair Flats and Port Huron**  
By the Magnificent Steamers of the WHITE STAR LINE  
Leaving foot of Madison Street Daily at 9 a. m. after arrival of morning trains. Ret. train, arrive Week Days 8:30 p. m., Sundays 9:00 p. m. Fare to Detroit, 75c. Unlimited round trip, \$1.25. Excursions to Detroit and return, Week Days \$1, Sundays 50c. To Pt. Huron and return, a delightful two days' trip, only \$2.00, meals and berth extra.

#### Special Rates to Societies

Close connections at Detroit with steamers for Mackinac, the "Soo," Duluth, etc. For further information see nearest Railroad Agent or write C. F. BIELMAN, Tr. Mgr., A. W. COLTON, Gen. Agt., DETROIT, MICH.

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## MANY WERE DIPPED

And Others Watched the Ceremonies.

## ADVENTISTS CLOSE MEETING.

C., M. & A. Electric Railway Company Begins Appropriation Proceedings Against Jackson Township Residents—May Term of Court Closes Today—A \$10,000 Damage Suit Instituted.

Canton, Aug. 26.—The Seventh Day Adventists' camp meeting which has been in full blast at the Stark county fair grounds for the past ten days, closed with an early morning service on Monday, and all that now remains is a village of deserted tents and about forty elders and laymen who are superintending their removal. The baptismal exercises at Meyer's lake on Sunday were witnessed by many, including a large number from Massillon, most being present in the capacity of mere sightseers. The immersions took place on the bath beach, east of the toboggan slide, at Stony Point. The hilltops for several hundred feet back were crowded, while all rowboats on the lake, which rented to the curious at a fancy price, formed a semi-circle about the officiating elders, C. A. Smith and R. A. Boardman, both of Mt. Vernon. The candidates were marched into the water waist deep, where the elders attended to the balance of the ceremony, while the Adventist choir, perched upon an eminence, furnished sacred selections. Those immersed were Frederick Miller, Camden, N. J.; William Elser, N. Y.; Mrs. Miriam Goldsberry, Washington Court House; Miss Effie Philbrick, Kenton; Miss Josephine Fuller, Spencer; Miss Mabel Andre, and Miss Inez Braiser, Mt. Vernon; Walcott Hamer, Columbus; Miss Emma White, Harpersfield; Carl Guy, Newark; Theodore Goodman, Norwalk; Carlton Hamilton, Mt. Vernon; Rudolph Fisher, Hamler, and Dr. Walters, of Chagrin Falls.

With R. S. Shields as its attorney, the Canton, Massillon & Akron Electric Railway Company, has begun appropriation proceedings in probate court, for the appropriation of lands along its proposed route, against the following property holders, residing in Jackson and Plain townships: Adam Albright, Jacob Henry, Peter Henry, J. J. Henry, Theresa Rumeley, Minnerod Rumeley, Philomena Schindler, John J. Schindler, Magdalena Brown, Frank Brown, Joseph Fierstose, George Fierstose, Elizabeth Rumeley, Martin Fierstose, Caroline Henry, John J. Henry, Aloysius Schindler, John Schindler, Clara Schindler, Jacob Bergen, Mary Pfeiffer, Mary M. Andrae, Joseph X. Pfeiffer, Mary F. Pfeiffer, Alfred Pfeiffer, Clara Wackerly, Henry Wackerly, Henry W. Wackerly, Elenora Pfeiffer, Louis Pfeiffer, Emma Heldenbrand, John Heldenbrand, Irene Pfeiffer, William E. Pfeiffer, Mary Estella Pfeiffer, and Elizabeth Eberhard.

The May term of common pleas court, according to the intention of Judge McCarty will adjourn some time this afternoon. The court is spending the day in disposing of remaining demurrers and motions, making proper entries, confirming sales and cleaning up the records generally. The September term of court will begin on the morning of September 16.

The Marines and Anchors, the two crack amateur teams of this city played at Mahaffey park on Sunday afternoon, the Marines winning by the score of 9 to 1. Ray Markel, of Massillon, umpired the game. The batteries were Clark and Nist and Miller and Whitnight.

In the guardianship of Henry C. Rudy, of Jackson township, a hearing has been had by Judge August, and the sale of land to the C., M. & A. Electric Railroad for \$1350 has been ordered and the sale of the same approved.

Exceptions to the final account have been filed in the estate of John Poorman, of Tuscarawas township.

George A. Hoover has been appointed administrator of the estate of Catherine Rudy, of Jackson township. Marriage licenses have been granted to Christian Gfeller and Louisa Young, and Daniel Morgenstern and Katherine Bocher, of Massillon.

**CLEVELAND TO COLUMBUS**  
Will Lease Right of Way Along Ohio Canal.

It seems now that T. L. Childs' scheme to build a railway along the bank of the canal will receive consideration at the hands of the canal commissioners, says the Akron Beacon-Journal. L. D. Seward, who made application for the lease of the outer strip of the tow path and the berme bank of the Ohio canal between

Columbus and Cleveland, stated Saturday that he is sure the commissioners will consider the requests favorably, and that it will be granted. He said: "We are not asking for a free franchise, but have applied under a law which allows the commissioners to lease state land, and collect 6 per cent of the valuation of the land per year, the valuation being fixed by the commissioners. It is the same law which allows the commissioners to lease state property for mill or other purposes, and I believe we will receive the lease, as we will not interfere with the canal or the transmission of freight in any manner. We believe we have a good scheme, and one that will be a paying one, and we intend to push it to a successful conclusion if we are granted the franchise for the construction of the road. You see we will have a through line between Columbus and Cleveland, passing through all the towns and cities on the canal, and it is there that we expect to make our money. We will be able to compete with the steam roads for traffic, as we will have a straight-track, and a better road bed, and we see ahead of us a road that will pay us some money."

## FOR STRIKE FUND.

About \$300 Raised by Local Steel Workers.

## CITIZENS FAIL TO RESPOND.

Few Voluntary Subscriptions, so Mayor Wise and a Committee Will Begin Soliciting—Clerks' Annual Picnic—Geiger to be the Labor Day Speaker.

The Massillon branch of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, Monday, has contributed \$300 to the steel strike fund. This amount was raised Saturday, each member of the local being assessed ten per cent of his earnings the past two weeks. This assessment will be made regular as long as the strike is in progress. The local steel workers feel more hopeful now than at any time since the strike was inaugurated.

There have been very few responses to the Amalgamated Association's appeal for assistance for the strikers from citizens generally. These donations are to be sent to Mayor Wise. A committee of steel workers with Mayor Wise will this week make a canvass of the city. It is expected that several hundred dollars will be raised in this way.

The Retail Clerks' Union will meet this evening to complete arrangements for running an excursion train to Chippewa lake next Sunday. Organized clerks from Cleveland, Lorain, Akron and many other cities will also run excursions to the lake on that day. All the exercises will be carried out jointly.

Nicholas P. Geiger, of Cleveland, an organizer for the Wagon and Carriage Builders' Association, has accepted an invitation to speak at the Labor Day picnic of the Trades and Labor Assembly. Mr. Geiger, though a young man, is said to be one of the brightest lights in Ohio labor circles.

The Brewery Workers' Union, which recently succeeded from the Trades and Labor Assembly, will not participate in the parade or other exercises to be held on Labor Day under the Trades and Labor Assembly.

It is stated Monday that the total receipts at the picnic given by the Brewery Workers' Union Sunday were \$370. The committee is paying expenses today. More than \$150 will be cleared.

Officers of the Glass and Packers' Union, during the coming season, hope to secure a general scale for this city. Heretofore wages have varied somewhat. Most of the glass companies have selected their men for the coming season. A general scale has not been signed. It is hinted that the union may ask the men to refuse to work if the scale is not signed by September 3. "We have hired all the men we had last year," said one manufacturer, today, "and we shall pay them higher wages than last year. But whether or not they belong to the union, I cannot say. We did not ask them when we hired them, though we have no objection to their joining if they wish."

**Dr. Fenner's GOLDEN RELIEF**  
Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc. A TRUE SPECIFIC IN ALL INFLAMMATION  
Sorethroat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Felons, etc. "Colds," Forming Fevers, Grip, etc.  
CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT  
In 10 to 15 minutes.  
By Dealers. The 50c. size by mail 60c. Freehouse, N.Y.  
For Sale by Z. T. Balzly.

## APPEAL TO PEOPLE.

That is the New Tack of the Milkmen.

Citizens Will be Asked to Use Their Influence With the Board of Health to Have the Proposed Milk Ordinance Modified—Dairymen Meet and Talk of Selling Their Routes and Products.

The Massillon Dairymen's Association, Saturday evening, decided to circulate petitions for citizens to sign asking the board of health not to pass the milk ordinance in its present form. The petitions will set forth that the measure is unnecessarily drastic, and will work a hardship to both producer and consumer.

If the ordinance is passed over the protests of the dairymen, the latter say they will probably raise prices. One member suggested that the entire supply be cut off from the city for a time and the repeal of the measure forced. The latter idea, however, did not meet with general approval.

Members of the association reported that they had been approached by representatives of the concern seeking to get control of the milk supply of the city. Nearly all favored selling out. It was stated that the price which the new company would pay for the milk would be about fifteen cents a gallon, and at that figure all reasoned that it would be more profitable for them to sell their product in bulk, delivered at one place, than to retail it at five cents a quart in all parts of the city. The concern wanting to buy them out is said to have headquarters in Chicago, and operate in several states.

**A Minister's Good Work.**  
"I had a severe attack of bilious colic, got a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, took two doses and was entirely cured," says the Rev. A. A. Power, of Emporia, Kan. "My neighbor across the street was sick for over a week, had two or three bottles of medicine from the doctor. He used them for three or four days without relief, then called in another doctor who treated him for some days and gave him no relief, so discharged him. I went over to see him the next morning. He said his bowels were in a terrible fix, that they had been running off so long that it was almost bloody flux. I asked him if he had tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea and he said, 'No.' I went home and brought him my bottle and gave him one dose: told him to take another dose in fifteen or twenty minutes if he did not find relief, but he took no more and was entirely cured. I think it the best medicine I have ever tried." For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

## As a Food For the Skin.

To Make it Smooth, Healthy and Beautiful, Dr. Chase's Ointment is Hailed by Thousands of Fair Women.

Every woman, no matter how beautiful her skin, finds need at times of some preparation to overcome the redness and roughness, and to cure the pimples, blackheads and skin irritations.

Powders may cover up the disfiguring eruptions, but can never cure them, and are positively injurious because they clog up the pores of the skin. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a food for the skin. It is readily absorbed, and thoroughly cures each and every skin disease, making the skin smooth, soft and clear.

No woman's toilet is complete without Dr. Chase's Ointment, for besides being the most perfect skin beautifier obtainable it can be used in a score of different ways. It absolutely cures eczema, salt rheum and the itching to which women are especially subject. The ointment does not cause pain when applied, but soothes the sore or inflamed surface. It immediately stops itching of the skin when applied.

When the feet are sore and chafed with walking an application of Dr. Chase's Ointment takes out the smarting and allays the inflammation in a surprisingly short time. Then for burns, scalds and every sort of chafing, irritation or eruption of the skin Dr. Chase's Ointment has a safe and certain cure. It has come to be indispensable in scores of thousands of homes in the United States. It does not cause pain when applied; 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by E. S. Craig.  
**ANNUAL ASSEMBLY.**

It Will Close Saturday With a Picnic.

The famous Crystal Springs picnic on Saturday will be the closing feature of the nineteenth annual assembly of the Tuscarawas Township Sunday School Association, which opens Wednesday, at the Crystal Springs grounds, west of the city. On Wednesday evening the Rev. J. E. Neikirk, of Wooster, will lecture on "The Ananias Club." The Rev. W. C. Dawson, of Ashland, whose subject is "The Black Cat," will speak Thursday evening.

## THE MODEL REFRIGERATOR

What the Ice-man Says About Ways of the Good Housekeeper.

In the good housekeeper's refrigerator you'll find the milk and cream and butter covered tight so they won't take in flavors or odors. You won't find things dumped around the ice. You won't find bits of mackerel, cabbage, onions or such stuff that smell up a house, to say nothing of a refrigerator. Such things will be stowed away in a clean cupboard down cellar, with doors of wire netting.

You won't get a mouthful of sewer gas either when you open the lid. In some houses—finely arranged houses, too—they have one of the latest improvements—letting the refrigerator drain into the sewer pipe. It may be convenient enough, but food flavored with sewer gas is not wholesome.

In a model house the refrigerator stands in a small, light room by the back door. It is near enough to the kitchen to be handy. There is a green curtain on the back door window, to pull down when a hot sun glares in on the refrigerator. There is a heavy screen door that locks, and in hot weather there's a fine, cool air coming in all night. The house is safe enough, for an inside door locks, and it is kept shut when the kitchen grows uncomfortably hot.

It is a mistake to set a refrigerator down cellar. It is easier for the ice-man and harder for the woman who does the work. The dampness swells the wood till the door or lid won't shut. There are cellar odors, no matter how clean it is kept.

In this model house a short bit of hose is kept hitched to the faucet for watering the lawn. The ice is washed off there, and the water has dripped from it fairly well before it gets to the back door. There's a clean, strong mat at the foot of the steps.

An ice-man gets scolded unmercifully for bringing dirt into a house. He can't help it in places where he has to wait five minutes for a dipper of water to wash off the ice or go and get it himself, and he can't wipe his feet on a piazza floor.

He has a hundred people waiting for him on a hot morning, and it makes him tired to open a lid and find he has got to lift out half a dozen muskmelons, a pan of milk, a chicken and a custard, all sitting around a chunk of ice no bigger than your fist.

As soon as the ice is put in it is tucked about with a little blanket made of old flannel.

This model refrigerator is kept spotlessly clean. Once a week the shelves and racks are washed in hot suds, rinsed in strong hot soda water, then in almost boiling water. They are wiped dry and set out doors to air.

If anything has been spilled, it is scraped off, and then a fine pointed skewer picks out the corners and ledges. The waste pipe is cleaned with a flexible wire that has a cloth wound about the end of it, and boiling hot soda water is poured through.

Thus the ice-man talks, as reported in Good Housekeeping.

**Cured by Forgetting.**  
This is an English story, and, strange as it may seem, it made a hit when it was told at the Lambs' club, says the New York Telegraph. It was perpetrated by Lawrence d'Orsay, the English actor. Several members of the club spun yarns of dubious merit, when Mr. d'Orsay in his peculiar way began:

"Now, gentlemen, I'll relate a story." One man present pulled out his watch, and they all thought it was going to be a serial. One or two started to go, but the actor stopped them by his assurance that the story wouldn't be very long.

"There was a friend of mine in London," he said, "who was an incessant cigarette smoker. Finally he lost his memory. Then he forgot to smoke cigarettes, and he got well again."

Mr. d'Orsay effected his escape through the assistance of a friend who knew him when he didn't tell such stories.

## DOE WAH JACK

## Any Kind of Fuel

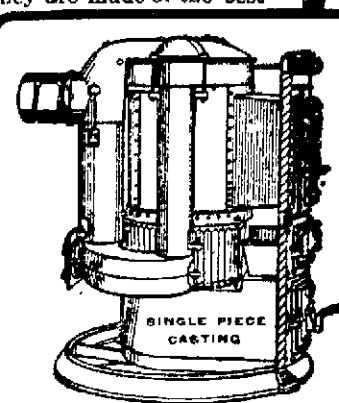


Round Oak Furnaces burn any kind of fuel, give great heat, and hold fire 12 hours with wood, 24 hours with coal. All of the fuel—the gases from the fire and the black smoke—is consumed, an economy of fuel impossible without the characteristic principle of Round Oak Furnaces.

## Round Oak Furnaces

are very easy of operation and require but little attention. They are made of the best materials, constructed by skilled workmen, thoroughly inspected before shipment—and guaranteed without reservation to give entire satisfaction.

Send for our free furnace book. Estate of P. D. BECKWITH, Dowagiac, Mich. Makers of Beckwith's Round Oak, the most famous stove in the world.



Round Oak Furnaces are for sale to Massillon by A. J. Paul.

## Real Estate Bulletin

20 lots on S. Erie St., \$400 to \$600  
14 " " Chester " 250 " 500  
17 " " Edwin " 200 " 450  
18 " " Dwight " 250 " 450  
7 " " George " 225 " 250  
13 " " Johnson St. 200 " 275  
6 " " Kent St. .... 300  
18 " " off Akron St. .... 150  
8 " " off Waechter St. \$150-200  
1 lot on East Oak Street.  
Also lots on Woodland Ave., Pear St., Tremont St., Center and Superior St.

**CASH OR EASY TERMS.**  
**JAMES R. DUNN**  
Over 50 S. Erie St.

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

**Digests what you eat.**  
It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and \$1. Large size contains 2 1/2 times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free. Created by E. C. DUNN & CO. Chicago.  
Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.  
Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main St.

## BAR-BEN

**....BUILDS UP THE....  
BODY, BRAIN and  
NERVES**

and purifies the blood. It infuses new vigor and vitality into the weak, nervous and broken down system, stops all unnatural drains and causes a general feeling of health, power and vitality. Within three days after taking the first dose you will notice the return of the old vim, snap and energy you have counted as lost forever. While the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. BAR-BEN makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and the nerves strong and steady as steel. BAR-BEN is especially efficacious for weak women.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed sealed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.  
The Bar-Ben Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.  
For sale by J. M. Schuckers and Rider & Snyder

## DO YOU INTEND TO STUDY LAW?

For information as to the advantages offered by the

**Western Reserve Law School**  
Address  
E. H. HOPKINS, Dean, Cleveland.

At the Bar Examination, held at Columbus last June, twenty five per cent. of the men failed; but every man from Western Reserve passed.

## CHATTANOOGA

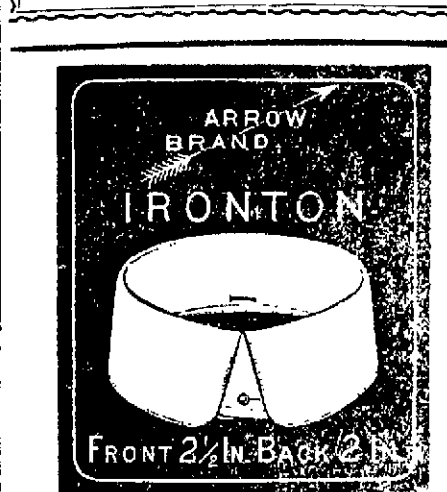
Nat. Ass. Letter Carriers,  
SEPTEMBER 2-7 1901.

## QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.

Finest trains south. Three trains a day from Cincinnati. Only direct line.

## ONE FARE ROUND TRIP.

Ask ticket agents for particulars.  
W. J. Murphy, W. C. Rinearson,  
Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass'gr. &gt;gt;  
CINCINNATI.



## The Only Comfortable Collar for Hot Weather.

Just the right height. Just the right quality.

Just the right price. 2 for 25c, \$1.50 doz.  
**Doll's Cash Hat and Shirt Store**  
Fall Styles Arriving Daily.

## THE BEE HIVE Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

**PERFECTLY made and all hemmed and ironed ready for use.**  
Made from muslin that has been torn from the piece to make the threads even. The prices are almost the same as the cost of the muslin alone

SHEETS.		PILLOW CASES.	
SHEETS 81x90, of good quality bleached muslin, hemmed, each.....	50c	PILLOW CASES 45x36, made of the well known Pepperell muslin, each.....	15c
SHEETS 81x90, of Mohawk brand muslin, finished ready for use, each.....	69c	PILLOW CASES, same size, made of Mohawk brand cotton, each.....	16c
SHEETS 81x90, of Utica cotton, perfectly made, ready for use, each.....	79c	PILLOW CASES, same size, made of Utica cotton, 35c pair, each.....	18c

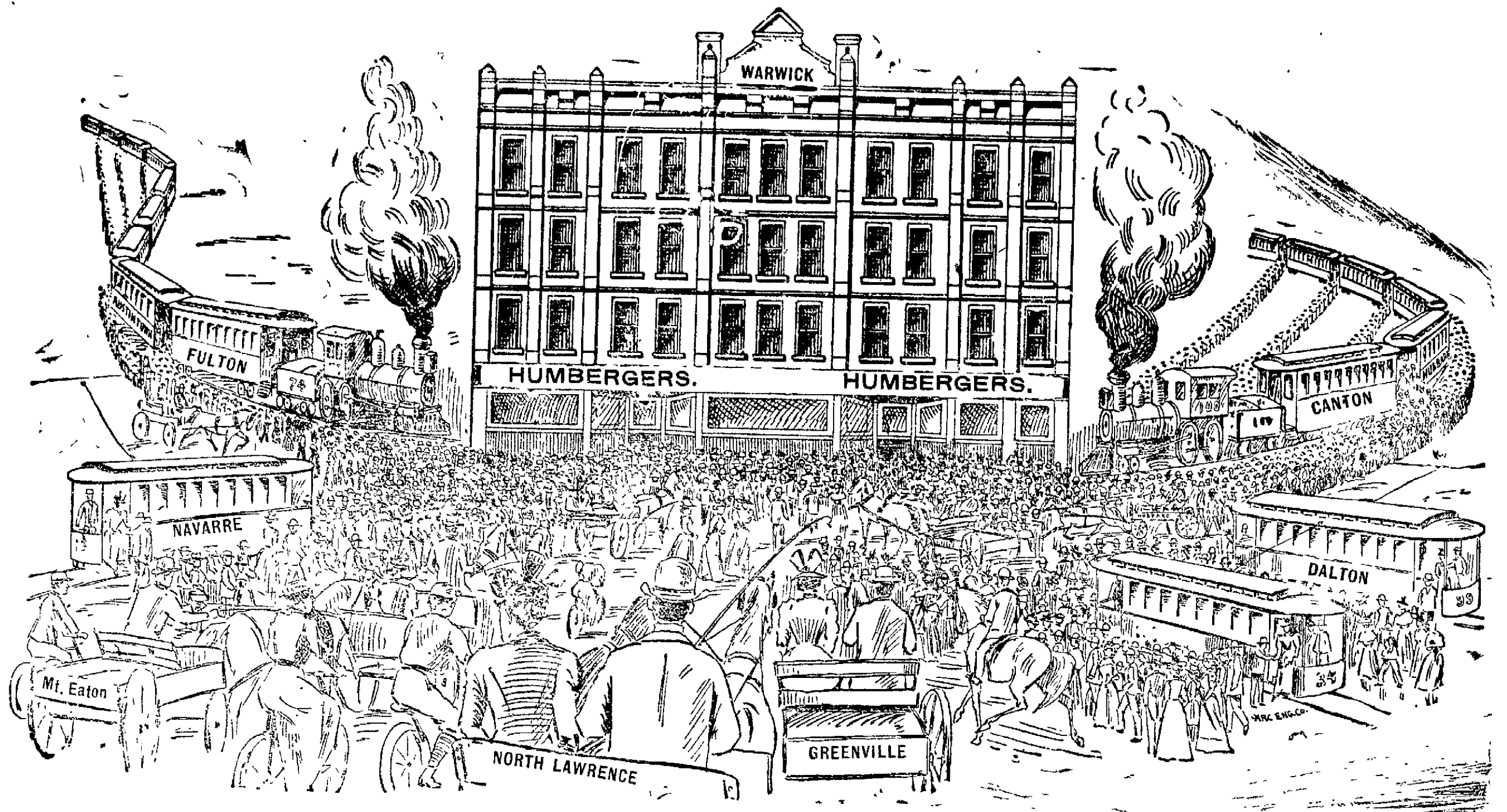
## Fancy Sheets and Pillow cases.

Put up in sets containing one sheet and two pillow cases. The assortment includes twenty-four different styles in genuine Mexican Drawn Work, Herringbone and other stitches, Novelty Braids, Embroidery Insertion and various combinations.

Price Per Set, From \$2.50 to \$4.50.

**ALLMAN & PUTMAN.**





# HUMBERGER'S BIG STORE

Will make the

## CLOSING DAYS

of the

# 25-DAY CLEARANCE SALE

### The most Interesting of all.

Best Prints in the Bargain Basement at -  $3\frac{3}{4}c$   
Beautiful Styles

4-4 Brown Muslin, worth 5c at	-	-	3c
4-4 Brown Muslin, worth 6c a	-	-	4c
4 4 Brown Muslin, worth 7c at	-	-	5c

3,000 yards of Good Bleached Muslin, the 7c kind  
at  $4\frac{3}{4}c$  a yard.

1 bale of Crash, the best 5c crash on the market  
will be sold at 3 7-8c a yard.

100 doz. Men's and Boys' Hose, good 25c grade,  
3 pairs for 50c.

100 doz. fine Half Hose, Gents, worth 25c to 30c  
17c a pair or 3 pairs for 50c.

## FREE REFRESHMENTS

Will be served to all Farmers and out of town trade on the Second  
Floor from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. on

Saturday, August 31 and Saturday, September 7.

**HUMBERGER'S, MASSILLON, O.**  
WARWICK BLOCK.